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# ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

# BHARATPUR STATE

For the Sambat Year 1977.

(FROM 1ST NOVEMBER 1920 TO 31ST OCTOBER 1921).



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# Annual Report on the Administration of the Bharatpur State for Sambat Year 1977 (1920-1921).

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## CHAPTER I---General and Political.

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**1. Situation, Boundary, Area, Population, Revenue and Tribute** — As mentioned in previous Reports, the State of Bharatpur lies in the North-east of Rajputana, between latitudes  $26^{\circ}43''$  and  $27^{\circ}30''$  and longitudes  $76^{\circ}04''$  and  $77^{\circ}18''$ , the extreme length and breadth being 76 and 48 miles, respectively.

The State is divided North and South, almost in two equal parts by the narrow gauge line of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, which passes East and West in a straight line. The Nagda-Muttra-Railway, a broad gauge section of the B.B. & C.I. Railway including the Bayana-Agra Railway, crosses the Narrow gauge at Bharatpur and runs for about  $68\frac{1}{2}$  miles in the State territory. The State is bounded on the North by the Gurgaon District of the Punjab, on the West by Alwar, on the South-West by Jaipur, Karauli and Dholpur and on the East by the Agra and Muttra Districts of the United Provinces. The General aspect of the State is that of an immense alluvial plain, fairly well wooded and cultivated, with detached hills in the North and hilly and broken districts in the South and low ranges on the parts of the Western and North Eastern Frontiers. The State covers an area of about 1,993 square miles with a population 4,96,437 souls, according to the Census of 1921.

The annual gross revenue of the State, calculated on the average of the past three years, is Rs. 31,84,463. It is exclusive of the Deorhi Tehsil, the income of which about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  lakhs, is almost solely assigned for the Palace expenses. The State pays no tribute to the British Government or to any other State.

**2. His Highness the Maharaja Sahib's name, title and health.**—The present Ruler of the State is Lieutenant-Colonel His Highness Maharaja Shri Vrijendra Sawai Kishen Singh Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang, a Sin-sinwar Jat by caste. He was born on the 4th October 1899. His Highness was blessed with a second son (Maharajkumar) on the 23rd December 1920.

His Highness enjoyed excellent health during the year.

**3. His Highness the Maharaja's relations**—The Ruler of Bharatpur is related to His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala, His Highness the Maharaj Rana of Dholpur and His Highness Maharaja of Faridkot.

**4. Principal events.**—(i). In view of the services rendered by the State during the Great War, His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor

of India was graciously pleased to permanently increase the number of local salutes to His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang from 17 to 19 guns, vide Extraordinary Gazette of India, dated the 1st January 1921. His Highness was also promoted from the Honorary rank of Major to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel in the Indian Army, vide London Gazette dated the 24th October 1921.

(ii) His Excellency Lord Chelmsford, Viceroy and Governor General of India, paid a private visit to Bharatpur on the 11th December 1920, arriving by Special train at 9 A. M. and leaving the same night at 10 P. M., after taking part in the Duck Shoot at the famous Keola Deo Jhil.

(iii) The Hon'ble Mr. R. E. Holland, C. S. I., C. I. E., I. C. S., Agent to the Governor General, Rajputana, paid 3 visits to Bharatpur on the following dates:—

1. Arrival 2nd. March 1921.  
Departure 4th March 1921.
2. Arrival 18th August 1921.  
Departure 20th „ 1921.
3. Arrival 16th October 1921.  
Departure 18th „ 1921.

(iv) At the invitation of His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang, His Excellency Sir George Lloyd, Governor of Bombay, and His Excellency Sir Harcourt Butler, Governor of United Provinces, visited Bharatpur during the Dashehra week in the middle of October 1921, and took part in the various functions and events, as also in the Duck Shoot.

(v) The opening ceremony of the Bharatpur Mechanical Transport Building was performed by Her Highness Shrimati Maji Sahiba, C. I., on the 25th December 1920. The Political Agent and other European residents and State officers and Sardars took part in the ceremony.

(vi) His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang, accompanied by the Members of His Highness' Council and Staff, proceeded to Delhi in February 1921 and attended the Inauguration Ceremony of the Chamber of Princes (Narendra Mandal), by Field Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, at the Diwan-i-am in the Delhi Fort, on the 8th February 1921. His Highness also took part in the other Functions and events held at Delhi on the occasion.

(vii) A new Bank called "The Krishna Bank" with which the State Co-operative Bank has been incorporated, was started in April 1921 and the opening ceremony thereof was performed by His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang, in a befitting manner.

(viii) His Highness has been pleased to make an endowment of rupees three lacs to the agriculturists of the Bharatpur State for the construction of irrigation wells. The sum of three lakhs has been set aside and forms a separate Fund known as the "Irrigation wells Fund". Grants are made out of this Fund to the needy Zemindars and cultivators. Advances

are also made from the State Treasury for wells on the taccavi system as hitherto.

(ix) In August 1921, His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang, was pleased to promote Col. Dhau Bakshi Girdhar Singh Sahib, Military Secretary to His Highness, to the post of Military Member of the State Council and Inspector-General of Bharatpur Army and Police, and Major Kunwar Balbir Singh was appointed as Military Secretary to His Highness in his place.

(x) An Aviation Academy has been established in the State, with effect from the 1st November 1921, as a State Department, for the purpose of training candidates in Aviation and incidentally to make an Aerial Force in the State.

(xi) A general reorganization of the State Army, as suggested by the Inspector-General, Imperial Service Troops, was taken in hand and completed during the year, the non-enclature of almost all the Units having been changed. Army Head quarters with several staff officers and the Adjutant and the Quarter-Master-General's Branches were established, with the Military Member as Inspector General of Army and Police at their head with a separate Military Secretary to His Highness.

**5. Shri Jeswant Cattle Fair and Show.**-- As last year, this fair was held in the Dasehra week from 7th till 14th October 1921, successfully and the export of bulls, calves etc. purchased in this Fair was allowed. 19,767 heads of cattle were registered in the Fair as against 35,568 recorded in the previous year, out of which 12,097, were sold as below:—

For State territories,	...	...	1,382.
For outside territories,	...	...	11,715.

Entrance fee at the rate of -/4/-, per head was charged. Customs duty on a sold cattle was charged at Rs. 2, per head and one anna per head on account of registration on a sold unit.

The income derived under the above heads will appear from the following table:—

Entrance Fee,	...	...	Rs. 4,947-12.
Registration Fee,	...	...	„ 92- 3.
Customs Duty,	...	...	„ 24,220-15.
Total			„ 29,260-14 only.

The income derived last year was 52,301-11-9, as a very large number of cattle was brought to the fair.

The decrease in the number of cattle this year is due to the fact that a sufficient large number of cattle was already exported last year and the cattle owners did not like to export any more cattle. Moreover on account of expectations of early rains, the cultivators did not bring cattle for sale and remained on their fields.

The following table will show the total receipts and expenditure of the Customs and Excise Department during the year under review as compared with the 2 preceding years:—

Name of Head.	Sambat year 1975.	Sambat year 1976.	Sambat year 1977.
Receipts,	2,88,919	3,21,969	2,87,735
Expenditure,	40,996	35,669	39,850

The receipts do not include the receipts from the Cattle Fair, which were credited into the Treasury as last year.

**6 The Bharatpur Indian Soldiers' Board.**—The local Indian Soldiers' Board instituted the year before last continued to work under the chairmanship of Rao Bahadur Chaudh Bakhshi Raghbir Singh, Revenue & Palace Member of Bharatpur State Council. Lt.-Col. Girdhar Singh Sardar Bahadur, C.I.E., worked as Secretary during the year under report.

The Board devoted itself fully to the carrying out of the objects as laid down by the Central Indian Soldiers' Board, Simla.

In times of hard work the Board in addition to the efforts of the Revenue authorities of the State formed a Standing Sub Committee to see that in the matter of relief distribution interests of soldiers and their families were properly looked.

The Board held 11 Meetings in the Council Hall and important questions regarding the grant of Post Bellum Relief were disposed of.

The Secretary of the Rajputana Soldiers' Board inspected the Local Board's certain papers regarding Relief Distribution in January 1921, and expressed his satisfaction at the work hitherto done

*Post Bellum Relief Distribution.*—The distribution of Post Bellum Relief to the families of deceased Soldiers and to the retired soldiers and Officers of the Imperial Service Troops Bharatpur, in receipt of wound and injury pensions of the 1st and 2nd degrees, was terminated successfully in the month of April 1921. An amount of Rs. 16,900 was distributed by the Board to 83 deserving cases of both kinds. The relief distributions taken up in hand last year were terminated and the balance of Rs. 1,076-12-10, was returned to the authorities.

In addition to the above such of the grants and donations as received from the authorities for payment to heirs of certain Soldiers were duly paid.

*Erection of the War Commemoration Tablets.*—The Board after exhaustive enquiries from the Revenue Authorities, from the late Recruiting Board and from the Imperial Service Troops selected Bharatpur, Dig, Bayana, and Kumer as suitable sites for the erection of such Tablets. Each Tablet was proposed to be inscribed with the total number of recruits sent by the State during the Great War in 1914-1919, and the names of the important villages of each Tehsil sending as large numbers. The proposal having met with the approval of the Darbar a reply was accordingly sent to the Secretary Rajputana Soldiers' Board. The 4 tablets allotted to the Bharatpur State are under preparation at the School of Arts, Jaipur.

The Durbar have further agreed to incur extra expenditure for the cost of inscription of their above approved text on the Tablets.

These 4 Tablets will be erected on suitable sites on the above places when received.

The Board has nearly completed its work but has still to devote itself to any further functions which the Central Board may hereafter prescribe.

When the functions of the Board in connection with the Post Bellum Relief distribution and other important matters expanded on a considerable scale, it was found that the Secretary of the Board could not discharge them properly. Accordingly Pandit Brij Dayal Sharma B. A., Head Clerk, Revenue and Palace Member, was ordered to assist the Secretary of the Board in the efficient disposal of the Board's functions. In appreciation of the work done by him and the assistance rendered by him to the Secretary, the Durbar were pleased to grant a suitable reward to Pandit Brij Dayal.

The Durbar always take interest in all matters effecting the Local Board and extend their full sympathy and support towards its ideals.

Thanks are also due to Dewan Bahadur Munshi Naushan Lal Sahib B. A., Judicial and Financial Member and Secretary Council, Bharatpur, who rendered valuable assistance to the Board in all its various functions.

7. **Goshala.**—The income of the Goshala at the rate of one anna per rupee on octroi was collected through the agency of the Customs Department. The total income derived on this account was Rs. 2,654

8. **Political Agency, Eastern Rajputana States.**—Mr. C. C. Watson, I. C. S., Political Agent, Eastern Rajputana States, proceeded on leave on the 15th December 1920 when Major J. McPherson, I. M. S., assumed charge of the current duties of Political Agent, in addition to his own duties as Agency Surgeon Eastern Rajputana States. Mr. A. R. Jelf, I. C. S., assumed charge of the agency from Major J. McPherson on the 19th May 1921.

*Agency Surgeoncy.*—Major J. McPherson, I. M. S., held charge of the office of Agency Surgeon, Eastern Rajputana States, from 1st November 1920 to the 10th July 1921, when he was transferred to Baroda. Since then the work of the Agency Surgeon's office was carried on by Sub-Assistant Surgeon L. A. Solomon, under the visiting charge of the Agency Surgeon, Kotah and Jhalawar.

*Council.*—The State Council has been strengthened by the appointment of a third Member as Military Member in the person of Colonel Dhau Bakshi Girdhar Singh.

## CHAPTER II. Administration of Land.

9. The Revenue Department remained in the charge of Rao Bahadur Dhau Bakshi Raghubir Singh in the capacity of the Revenue & Palace Member of the Bharatpur State Council throughout the year under report.

10. The official Year of the State commences on the 1st November



and the period covered by this report is therefore from 1st November 1920 till 31st October 1921.

The State is divided into two Revenue Circles each under the charge of a Deputy Collector. There are 10 Tehsils and 1 Sub-Tehsil. Each of the Revenue Circles contain 5 Tehsils, the Sub-Tehsil of Uchain falling in the Bharatpur Circle.

The charge of the Bharatpur Circle continued to remain with Pandit Hari Shankar Davey, an official on lent services from the Government of India, Revenue and Agriculture Department. The charge of the Dig Circle was held by Babu Hari Chand, as Deputy Collector.

*General.*—The Year under report was the 20th of the term of the current Land Revenue Settlement for the Bharatpur Circle and 21st for the Dig Circle.

The Land was originally assessed for a period of 20 years, which term has been extended by 5 years by the order of the Darbar dated the 1st October 1919.

The total Land Revenue Demand fixed at the last Settlement amounts to Rs. 2,38,633, which is an increase of Rs. 2,28,272 over the old demand. The final demand was reached after progressive enhancements in the year 1905-1906.

The assessment was moderate and the demand is realized in full in normal years but it is not so in the years in which on account of deficient rains the crops fail and there is a wide-spread distress amongst the agriculturists.

However during the last decade the gradual rise in the prices of food grains has given good opportunities to the Zamindars for earning handsome profits after paying the State assessments, which have been received with ease and at punctual periods.

During unfavourable years liberal concessions are granted to agriculturists, Zamindars and Cultivators in the shape of remissions and suspensions of land Revenue demands. Taxavi advances are made to them on a large scale and fodder in large quantities is supplied to them, at a cheap credit for the maintenance and upkeep of their plough cattle etc. The State thus meets the pending apprehensions of its cultivators and Zamindars in time when on account of unfavourable conditions their resources are weakened.

Generally the distress in years of deficient rainfall is much keenly felt in the northern part of the State i. e. in the Dig Circle where irrigation largely depends on the water of the Rapareel River, the supply of which has been held by the Alwar Durbar, as a result of which, therefore, the land has greatly deteriorated since the last Settlement. The Bharatpur Circle has a number of Bunds and Channels and the drought, if any, is not keen.

11. *Crops.*—Two main crops are annually harvested, the Khariff in October and November and Rabi in March and April.

The Agricultural year commences with the harvesting of Khariff Crop in November. This crop depends upon the rainfall received during the months of the previous year i. e. July, August and September. For the Khariff Crop of the year under report the early Monsoon month of the previous year gave good rains and favourable prospects were entertained. Sowings on an excellent scale were taken up in hand in time but the months of August and September gave little rains and thus the standing crops began to decay on account of draught, which also effected the ploughing and sowings of the following Rabi.

Further the want of sufficient rains in the winter months, greatly marred the standing Rabi Crops. The produce fell much below the average.

The Rainfall from 1st April 1920 till March 1921 was 19.92 Inches only. This was below the average which is about 24 Inches for the whole State, of which at least 21 Inches ought to fall in July, August and September to make both the Crops prosperous. The Rainfall during the month of July, August, September 1920, was at an average of 11.57 i. e. nearly half the amount actually needed and therefore effected both the Crops of the year 1977.

The signs of scarcity were apparent on the failure of the monsoon rains and the distress was keenly felt.

A great portion of Barani lands that form a considerable part of the cultivated area have had to be left alone. Sairabi and Chuahi tracts were cultivated but on account of scanty rainfall were not successful at large.

Under these circumstances the year under report was of scarcity unlike the year 1976 which was a prosperous one.

The following table will show the total cultivated and cropped area in Bighas under the Khariff Crop during the year under review as compared with area of the 4 preceding years:—

Sambat.		Cultivated.	Successful
1973	...	15,06,944	14,36,562
1974	...	12,77,426	7,02,544
1975	..	9,16,060	82,017
1976	...	11,69,068	9,50,893
1977	..	10,56,432	6,26,648

As will appear from the above the Khariff Crop was cultivated on a small scale than that of previous year on account of scanty rainfall, and the successful area was still less than the expectations.

As stated above on account of scanty rains Rabi was also much effected. The following table will show the total cultivated and cropped area in Bighas under the Rabi Crop during the year under report as compared with the area of the preceding 4 years.

Sambat.	Cultivated.	Successful.
1973 ...	11,29,703	10,86,744
1974 ...	13,95,052	13,34,094
1975 ...	3,08,683	2,92,354
1976 ...	10,51,590	9,79,037
1977 ...	3,31,338	3,01,088

Comparing the figures of the year 1977 with the above it will appear that the year under report was an unfavourable one.

The total area cultivated in both the crops was 13,87,770 Bighas as against 22,20,658 Bighas of the previous year and the total successful area was 9,27,686 as against 19,29,980 Bighas of the previous year

There was a falling off in the area under heads Sairabi and Barani cultivation while there was an increase of 28,602 Bighas under head Chahi.

As a rule the area under Chahi generally increases in a year of scanty rains, because the chief main-stay of the cultivators in such a year is the water of wells which they generally use for purposes of irrigation of their fields.

Many new kachcha temporary wells are dug for which the State advances money by way of Taccavi.

The Rabi Crops are of a superior kind to that of the Khariff Crop, the former consisting of wheat, gram, barley and zira that generally grow on lands irrigated by wells, while the latter crops consist of Jowar and Bajra etc. that grow on Barani lands.

Consequently the Khariff crops depend directly on rains while the Rabi partly on rains and partly on artificial sources of water supply

*Production.*—The following comparative statement will show the successful area in Bighas under the various commodities during the year under report as compared with the figures of the preceding 4 years:—

#### KHARIF.

Sambat.	Cotton.	Grain.	Others.	Total.
1973 ...	1,01,892	11,71,009	1,63,655	14,36,556
1974 ...	64,257	5,65,797	1,09,954	7,40,008
1975 ...	16,940	39,926	25,151	82,017
1976 ...	70,489	7,72,526	1,07,878	9,50,893
1977 ...	55,913	3,08,096	2,62,639	6,26,648

# RABI.

Samvat.	Wheat.	Other Grains.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
1973 ...	1,02,814	4,98,019	4,85,911	10,86,744
1974 ...	1,14,730	11,76,937	42,427	13,34,094
1975 ...	63,127	1,84,636	44,591	2,92,354
1976 ...	1,06,710	7,87,285	94,174	9,88,169
1977 ...	66,863	1,79,461	51,714	3,01,038

The total produce of both the Kharif and the Rabi crops has fallen below to that of the year 1976.

Cotton in the Khariff and wheat in the Rabi, which both constitute the most valuable assets of the Zemindars show a considerable decrease on account of which the finances of the agriculturists were affected.

12. *Collections.*—The following sub-joined table will show the Revenue demand and the collections made during the year under review:—

		Revenue.	Cesses.	Arrears.	Total.
Demand.	Bharatpur.	11,31,482	1,00,856	1,09,219	13,41,557
	Dig.	10,18,237	1,01,867	1,14,853	12,34,957
	Total.	21,49,719	2,02,723	2,24,072	25,76,514
Collections	Bharatpur.	10,22,481	1,00,648	3,565	11,26,694
	Dig.	7,75,143	1,01,727	1,795	8,78,665
	Total.	17,97,624	2,02,375	5,360	20,05,359

Thus out of a total land Revenue demand of Rs 21,49,719 a sum of Rs. 17,97,624 was realized.

The balance amounting to Rs. 3,12,095 was held suspended as arrears and a sum of Rs. 2,733 was written off as a result of the scarcity. Cesses were nearly realized in full while out of an arrear of Rs. 2,24,072 a sum of Rs. 5,360 only was realized. The comparatively low collections are due to the unfavourable conditions of the crops. No coercive measures were, however, adopted; liberal suspensions were allowed to the Agriculturists and they were financed with Taccavi advances.

13. *Rainfall Statistics.*—The condition of the two crops Khariff and Rabi described above which were harvested during the year under report, was determined by the rainfall received from April 1920 till March 1921.

The sowings and condition of the 2 following crops for the Sambat year 1978 were dependent on the monsoon of the year 1921.

The rainfall received from April 1920 till March 1921, was deficient being 19.92 inches all over the State for the 12 months against a normal of 24 Inches.

The chief falls were in the following months:—

June	...	5.50
July	...	8.53
August	...	2.58
January	...	1.99

The effect produced on the crops by the above, has already been noted above

The rainfall from November 1920 till October 1921 was nearly 23 34, at an average of 24". On account of good rainfall in the monsoon months of 1921, Rabi 1978 has been sown on better scale and will find place in the next report.

14. *Relief Measures*.—The failure of the monsoon which was a sure sign of the wide-spread distress amongst the agriculturists, was immediately taken into consideration by the Darbar. In order to make the distress less acute the Darbar controlled the prices of food grains and maintained them at a normal level.

Relief measures were taken in hand and liberal concessions were granted to the Zamindars and Cultivators in the shape of suspension and remission of Land Revenue, grant of Taccavi advances on a large scale for maintenance of ploughs and cattle.

Her Highness Shri Mati Maji Sahiba C. I. made a special grant of Rs. 43,830, for Taccavi advances for digging wells. Thus on account of the fostering care of the Darbar and the Gracious H. H. Shri Mati Maji Sahiba C. I., the people were saved from distress and much appreciated the timely help.

15. *Taccavi*.—The amount advanced as Taccavi during the year under report was Rs. 1,55,291, against Rs. 93,541 of the previous year. It was distributed to both the Revenue Circles, i.e. Rs. 63,000 were advanced in the Bharatpur Circle and Rs. 92,291 in the Dig Circle for the following agricultural purposes:—

(1) For repairs to old wells	...	Rs. 20,260
(2) For construction of new Pacca wells	...	„ 26,585
(3) For sinking K. chcha wells	...	„ 315
(4) For the purchase of seed and agricultural implements	...	„ 47,311
(5) For the purchase of plough, bullocks	...	„ 49,651
(6) For construction of houses	...	„ 735
(7) For fire relief	...	„ 7,419
(8) For breeding mares	...	„ 2,280
(9) Repairs to private Bunds	...	„ 735

Interest at the rate of  $4\frac{1}{2}$  per cent per annum is charged on all forms of Taccavi. The timely help given by the Darbar to the agricultural classes for the above purposes is conducive of much benefit to them.

16. *Cattle*.—The total number of cattle including sheep, goats, and

ponies etc. during the year under report was 5,72,507, against 5,47,046, as recorded in the previous year, showing an increase of 25,461.

There is a marked increase in bullocks, cows, she-buffaloes, calves and sheep and goats due to plenty of fodder of the preceding year's crops.

The following is a comparative Statement of cattle for the two Samvat years 1976 and 1977.

	St. 1976	St. 1977	Increase or decrease.	
Bulls	658	716	58	Increase.
Bullocks	88,619	89,454	835	Increase.
Cows	1,10,233	1,19,430	9,197	Increase.
Buffaloes	31,098	16,573	14,525	Decrease.
She-Buffaloes	48,373	59,098	10,725	Increase.
Calves	1,19,387	1,27,012	7,625	Increase.
Ponies	5,579	5,668	89	Increase.
Asses and Mules	12,762	12,894	332	Increase.
Sheep & Goats	1,30,537	1,41,642	11,125	Increase.
Total	5,47,046	5,72,507	25,461	Net Increase.

The general condition of the cattle was fair. Fodder and water were available in sufficient quantities and no cattle disease of a serious nature was reported.

17. *Rates & Wages.*—Rates of food grains were artificially controlled and were made easy throughout the State. The rate of the staple food grain 'Bejhar' varied from  $13\frac{1}{2}$  srs. to  $5\frac{3}{4}$  seers per rupee and that of wheat between 9 srs 13 Chataks and 4 seers 4 Chataks a rupee. Labour was easily procurable and wages were ordinary i.e. annas 6 per day for an adult male, -/5/- per day for a female and -/3/- for a boy.

There is a fall in wages, when on account of failure of rains, the agricultural population has little work on their fields.

The number of ploughs was 50,790 against 51,558 of the previous year and of cattle carts 5,573 against 6,519 of the previous year. The decrease of ploughs at 10 per cent is not significant.

18. *Abseonders*—The number of Zemindars who absconded was 135 against 65 of the last year. They owned 4,603 bighas of land assessed at Rs 3,741. The number of those who returned was 97 owning 12,167 bighas of land assessed at Rs 1,812. The increase in the number of absconders is due to the scarcity.

19. *Irrigation.*—The total area irrigated from Bunds and Channels during the year under review was 1,95,138 bighas against 8,09,103 bighas of the preceding year. The decrease in irrigation is due to scanty rains and the limited supply of water from the Duparel River. Of the irrigated area water rate of 1,52,689 bighas was included in the land Revenue assessment and was recovered along with and as part of land Revenue. The water rate was, therefore, realized on 42,449 bighas amounting to Rs. 40,616-7-9.

In addition to the above 1,571 bighas were irrigated by the waters of the canals of the British Districts of Muttra and Agra i.e. the Jamuna Canal, the Hatin Canal and the Fatehpur Sikri Canal that pass through the territory of the State. An amount of Rs. 349-1-2 was deposited on this account. The Abiana (water-rate) recovered on this area was remitted to the United Provinces Irrigation Authorities to whom the thanks of the Darbar are due for the help rendered by them to the Zamindars.

The total area irrigated by the Ruparel was 22,416 bighas. A water rate amounting to Rs 388-15 was realized on 549 bighas only. The rest were included in land Revenue.

The following Statement will show the total area irrigated by the Ruparel during the last 9 years:—

Sambat.		Area irrigated.
1968	...	... 50,109 Acres.
1969	...	... 40,905 „
1970	...	... 2,630 „
1971	...	... 18,008 „
1972	...	... 4,033 „
1973	...	... 3,363 „
1974	...	... 7,018 „
1975	...	... 7,259 „
1976	...	... 17,991 „
1977	...	... 8,966 „

The rate at which the Abiana is charged is different for different kinds of the soil and varies from Rs. 2-8 to annas 4 per bigha in the State.

20. *Natural and other Calamities.*—There was no serious disease excepting a type of Malarial fever.

The losses by fire were 301 as against 165 sustained in the previous year. The following comparative Statement will indicate the losses by fire.

Sambat.	Number of fires.	Number of villages effected.	Value of property.
Sambat 1973 ...	89	111	5,856
Sambat 1974 ...	188	145	53,699
Sambat 1975 ...	223	162	80,049
Sambat 1976 ...	165	168	1,28,614
Sambat 1977 ...	301	215	2,00,985

There is an increase in the losses by fire during the year under report, on account of scarcity and warm winds. Every attempt was made by the authorities to control these calamities but even inspite of every attempt,

the number of fires increased. However, it is satisfactory to note that the villagers work in a spirit of mutual co-operation when they are threatened by a common danger which they try to overcome by common and joint efforts.

21. *Waste Land*.—The fallow land brought under cultivation during the year under report was 45,400 bighas of which 3,144 bighas were from the old waste. Endeavours continue to be made to break up culturable waste and as irrigation by canals increases, large tracts of waste land will be brought under the plough and made productive.

22. *Railways*.—The Bharatpur State is traversed East and West by the Rajputana-Malwa Railway and North-East and South-West by the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway and its Agra Branch. The former divides the State into almost 2 parts.

There are two Railway Junctions in the State at Bharatpur and Bayana.

23. The State Co-operative Bank was made to merge in the Krishna Bank newly started in April 1921. A sum of Rs 10,00,000 (ten lacs) was added to the working Capital of the Co-operative Bank.

Pandit Narain Das Sahib M. A. L. L. B. (now Major) was appointed as Manager of the Krishna Bank. Also an adequate increase in the strength of the staff was made.

The rate of interest charged from the societies was lowered from 12 to 9 p.c.

✓ The number of societies is 362 and the working capital about Rs. 11,50,000.

The work of the Krishna Bank is being carried on Co-operative Credit System.

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### CHAPTER III--Protection.

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24. *Military Forces*.—A general re-organization of the State Forces on the lines suggested by the Inspector General, Imperial Service Troops, was taken in hand and completed during the year. The nomenclature of almost all the units were changed. Army Headquarters with several Staff Officers and the Adjutant and the Quartermaster General's Branches were established with the Military Member as Inspector General of Army and Police at their head.

Free rations were granted to all the Forces from the 1st November 1920.

25. *1st Muttoo Infantry*.—Lt. Col. Sardar Bahadur Ganeshilal I.O.M. continued to be in charge of the Unit throughout the year.



*Strength.*—On the 1st November 1920, the strength of the Regiment was 418.

Commissioned Officers	...	...	14.
Non-Commissioned Officers and men	...	...	376.
Followers	...	...	28.

The Strength on the 31st October 1921 was 797 as detailed below:—

Commissioned Officers	...	...	16.
Non-Commissioned Officers and men	...	...	744.
Followers	...	...	37.

*Recruitment.*—243 recruits were enlisted during the year under report and 298 Officers and men were transferred to this Regiment from other Units of the State.

*Inspections.*—During the year under report the Unit was inspected by the Inspector General of Imperial Service Troops, the Insp cting Officer Rajputana & Central India Imperial Service Infantry and the Civil Chief Master Armour. All of them expressed their satisfaction with what they saw.

*Training.*—At the suggestion of the Inspecting Officer the following officers and men were deputed for training during the year under report.

1. Subedar Sanwalia Singh to the combined Musketry and Bayonet Class, Meerut.
2. Jemadar Nasir Uddin to the Survey Class, Roorkee.
3. Jemadar Pitam Singh and Naik Nanne Khan and Tulli to the Physical Training Class, Poona.
4. Lance-Naik Ganga Prasad to the Physical Training Class, Amballa.
5. Sepoy Bhola to Arsenal Ferozepur for being trained in Armoury.

All the above named Officers and men came out successful except Jemadar Nasir Uddin.

*Court-Martial.*—During the year under report, 13 Officers and men were tried by Court-Martial, of whom 9 were inflicted with imprisonment in Jail, one was confined in Lines, one was dismissed and two were acquitted.

*Prophylactic Measures.*—As advised by the Agency Surgeon, Eastern Rajputana States, Quinine was administered to men of the Unit during the malarial season of the year and the result was satisfactory.

*Pensions.*—During the year under report two Commissioned Officers, one Non-Commissioned Officer and one Follower were retired on pension.

*Buildings.*—The buildings continued to be in good condition. Necessary repairs were carried out as usual.

*Transport.*—During the year under report, the Regimental Transport was transferred to the Transport Corps, in connection with the Re-organization Scheme.

*General*—Formerly the Regiment was called Imperial Service Infantry. During the year under report, at the time of Re-organization of the State Forces, the nomenclature of this Unit was changed into 1st Muttoo Infantry and the total strength was raised from 404 to 817.

26. *Jeswant Household Infantry & Ghurcharas*.—Colonel Dhau Bakhshi Girdhar Singh, Military Member, State Council, Bharatpur, continued to be in charge of the Force throughout the year. The Force supplies guards at various places of Their Highnesses' residence, Tosha Khana and Sadar Treasury.

This Unit was formerly called Ghudchada Body Guards. Its nomenclature was changed to Jeswant Household Infantry and Ghudcharas in connection with the Re-organization Scheme of the State Forces in June 1921. Before the Re-organization it consisted of three troops. Now it is made up of 2 full Companies of Infantry and one Troop of Mounted Infantry to be used as Reserve for either Infantry or Cavalry.

The total strength of the Unit at the commencement of the year was 380 while it rose to 408 at the close of the year viz.—

Commissioned Officers	...	...	12.
Non-Commissioned Officers	...	...	37.
Sepoys	...	...	359.

The total expenditure of the Unit during the year under report amounted to Rs. 72,512 as against Rs. 43,219 of the preceding year.

27. *Ram Risala*.—This Unit was formerly called "Cavalry Regiment". In connection with the Re-organization Scheme of the State Forces, its nomenclature was changed to Ram Risala and it was shifted to the Mandoli Lines.

Major Ghamandi Singh A. D. C & Private Secretary to His Highness continued to be in charge of the Regiment throughout the year. The Unit supplies Sowars for Dak and orderly purposes. It also supplies guards for the State Jail.

The total strength of the Unit at the commencement of the year was 443 while it rose to 478 at the close of the year. —

Commissioned Officers	...	...	21.
Non-Commissioned Officers	...	...	73.
Sepoys	...	...	384.

The total expenditure of the Regiment during the year under report amounted to Rs. 1,81,209 as against Rs. 1,42,872 of the preceding year.

28. *2nd Infantry*—This Unit was formerly called Bishamber Paltan. It was re-organized in June 1921 with other Forces of the State. Its nomenclature was changed to 2nd Infantry and it was shifted to the old Raj Paltan Lines, Seara.

Major Randhir Singh continued to be in charge of the Regiment throughout the year. The Unit supplies guards for various places of residential Kothis, Courts and State buildings at Agra.

The total strength of the Unit at the commencement of the year was 349 while it was 290 at the close of the year.

Commissioned Officers	...	...	11.
Non-Commissioned Officers	...	...	41.
Sepoys	...	...	238.

The total expenditure of the Unit, during the year under report, amounted to Rs. 35,445 as against Rs. 31,276 of the preceding year.

29. *Kussum Armoured Car Company.*—The Unit was established in June 1921 at the time of Re-organization of the State Forces. Captain Harmukh Singh remained in charge of the Unit.

The total strength of the Unit is 55 as follows:—

Commissioned Officers	...	...	3.
Non-Commissioned Officers	...	...	8.
Sepoys	...	...	39.
Followers	...	...	5.

The expenditure incurred amounted to Rs. 3,093.

30. *Transport Corps.*—During the year under report Major Noor Mohamed continued to be in charge of the Corps uptill the 31st May, 1921. Since the 1st June 1921 the Corps is under the command of Captain Tek Chand Bahadur.

The sanctioned strength of the Corps is:—

Officers and men	...	...	361.
Office establishment	...	...	3.
Followers	...	...	38.
Carts	...	...	300.
Mules	...	...	486.
Ponies	...	...	8.
Bullocks	...	...	150.
Tongas	...	...	8.

The number on roll on the 31st October 1921 was as follows:—

Officers and men	...	...	358.
Office establishment	...	...	4.
Followers	...	...	38.
Carts	...	...	300.
Mules	...	...	486.
Ponies	...	...	8.
Bullocks	...	...	149.
Tongas	...	...	8.

*Arms.*—Men of the Corps are provided with Sword Bayonets.

*Mules.*—During the year under report no mules were purchased; but 74 mules were transferred to the Corps from the 1st Mutto Infantry.

*Bullocks.*—In connection with the Reorganization Scheme of the

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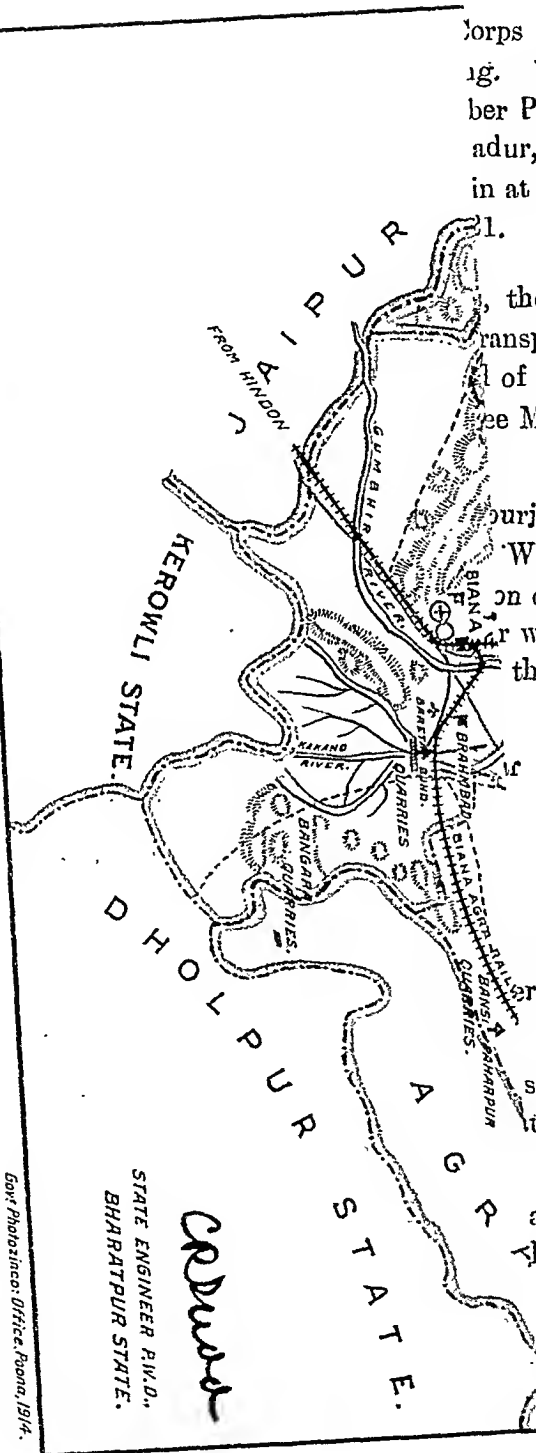
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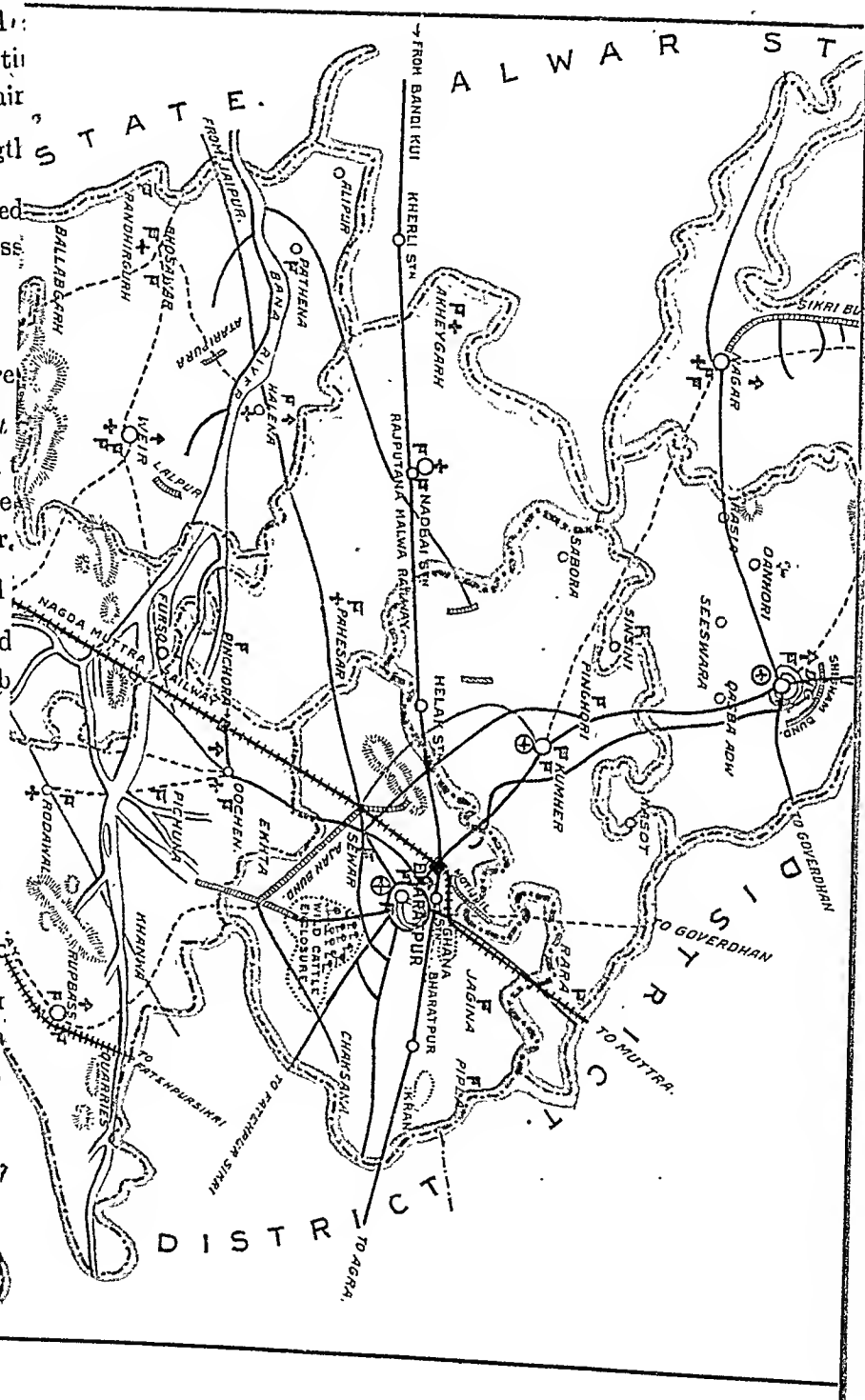
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State Forces, 174 bullocks were transferred to the Corps from Rathkhana. 8 bullocks were purchased at the Cattle Fair.

*Newspaper.*—The Corps continued to subscribe to the Urdu Newspaper “Fauji Akhbar”.

*Inspections.*—The Corps was visited several times, during the year by the Inspecting Officer, Rajputana I. S. Cavalry & Transport. He was always satisfied with the condition of the recruits, men, godown, Hospital and other arrangements of the Unit.

*Buildings.*—During the year under report, the Corps was shifted from the Mandoli Lines to the Cavalry Lines Right Wing. The Bullock Troop was transferred from Rathkhana to the old Bishamber Paltan Lines.

*General.*—Lt.-Colonel Kishan Singh Sardar Bahadur, C. I. E., Commandant of the Corps, being sick, continued to remain at his house in the Amballa district, until he died on the 12th August 1921.

Under the Re-organization Scheme of the State Forces, the nomenclature of the Corps was changed from “Imperial Service Transport Corps” to “Bharatpur Transport Corps”. It formerly consisted of 5 Troops of mules. Under the New Scheme it was made up of three Mule Troops and 1 Bullock Troop.

31. *Chowburja Force.*—Uptil May 1921, the Chowburja Force was under the direct supervision of the Manager, Court of Wards, Jagir Ballabgarh. In June 1921, at the time of Re-organization of the State Forces, this Force was also reorganized and a separate officer was appointed as Commandant thereof. Since June 1921, till the end of the year, Subedar Abdul Rahim remained in charge of the Force.

The total strength of the Force at the close of the year was 81 as follows:—

Commissioned Officers	...	...	5.
Non-Commissioned Officers	...	...	23.
Sepoys	...	...	53.

The total expenditure incurred during the year under report was Rs. 8,068 as against Rs. 11,215 of the preceding year.

32. *Baisi Force.*—This is an irregular Force and furnishes guards for certain State buildings at Bharatpur, at the Vikalats at Gordhan, Muttra and Agra, and at the various Tehsil Headquarters.

The Force also supplies Guards for some of the City gates, other duties done by the Force are now performed by other forces on the Military organization Scheme.

In the new scheme the strength of the Force was also reduced. The number on roll at the end of the year under report was 238 against 373 of the last year.

The employees of the Baisi Force hold hereditary posts. The Force remained under the direct control of Rao Bahadur Dhan Bakhshi

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Raghunir Singh, Revenue and Police Member of Council as Commanding Officer. (A Statement about the Force for the year under report will be found in the appendices.)

**33. Police.—Personnel.**—M Naqi Mohamed Khan held charge of the Police department up to the 8th November 1920 on which date he was reverted to the British Government. On his reversion Munshi Maqsoodul Hasan, Deputy Superintendent of Police, was appointed as Superintendent. The latter remained in charge of the department till the end of the year.

In July 1921, Pt. Rameshwar Nath Chaudhri was appointed acting Deputy Superintendent of Police on probation for six months.

*Strength of Police*—During the year under report there has been no change in the strength of the Force which remained the same as in the preceding year.

*Cost.*—The sanctioned budget of the department was Rs. 1,31,403 out of which a sum of Rs. 1,24,435 was spent during the year under report against Rs. 1,17,289 of the preceding year.

*Training & discipline of the Force.*—No candidate was sent up for Police training at Moradabad during the year. 24 recruits passed through the prescribed course of Police Catechism during the year against 16 in the preceding year.

The discipline of the Force remained satisfactory. A sum of Rs. 383 was paid as rewards during the year, Rs. 214 to the State Police Officers and men and Rs. 169 to outsiders against Rs. 275 and 185 respectively in the previous year.

326 persons were punished departmentally and 20 cases were dealt with by Courts.

*Cognizable Crime.*—The number of cases reported to the Police was 1,257 against 1,184 in the previous year. The increase of 73 cases is due to high rates of food grains that prevailed during the year. The number of cases reported directed to Magistrates was 58.

*Investigation & conviction of Cognizable crime.*—Of the 1,257 cases reported, 958 or 78.3 per cent were brought under investigation against 79.2 per cent last year and 80.0 per cent in Sambat 1975. Of 985 cases investigated 406 were convicted, showing a percentage of 41.2 against 42.2 of the last year. 40 cases were expunged against 42 of the preceding year. 30 cases remained under disposal at the close of the year.

*Arrests & Convictions.*—Of 897 persons arrested during the year, convictions were secured against 655 or 73.0 per cent against 67.4 per cent in the preceding year, showing an increase of 5.6 per cent, which is satisfactory.

*Property stolen and recovered.*—The value of property alleged to have been stolen in cases reported to the Police amounted, during the year, to Rs. 1,27,781-5 against Rs. 1,71,839-14-3, last year, showing a decrease of Rs. 44,058-9-3. The value of the property recovered amounted to

Rs. 27,233-7-9 or 21.3 per cent against 47.5 of the last year and 18.9 per cent of the Sambat year 1975. Comparing the recoveries with those of last year the percentage is very low. It is due to the fact that the recoveries of the last year included the Awagarh Estate Har which alone valued at Rs. 60,000.

*Murder.*—There were 11 cases against 4 last year. It is almost impossible to assign any reason for fluctuations in this description of crime, as no preventive measures can be taken. Of the 11 cases, 8 were challaned and 5 convicted. One case was expunged and two remained pending at the close of the year.

*Culpable Homicide.*—There were 7 cases against 15 last year. Out of these 5 were challaned, 3 convicted and one discharged. One case remained pending at the close of the year. Conviction was also secured in two cases pending since last year.

*Grievous hurt.*—There were 31 cases against 27 last year. 19 were investigated and sent up for trial, of which 11 were convicted, 5 discharged and 3 remained under trial at the close of the year.

*Poisoning.*—Two cases were reported against one last year. Of the two, one was sent up for trial but conviction could not be secured.

*Kidnapping.*—There were 6 cases against the same number last year. Conviction was secured in 5 cases against only 2 in the preceding year, which is very satisfactory.

*Dacoity.*—There were 7 cases against the same number in the previous year. All were investigated but only 3 were challaned. Conviction was secured in only one.

*Robbery.*—There were 13 cases against 7 last year. 7 cases were convicted, 2 expunged and one discharged. 3 cases remained pending at the close of the year.

*Lurking house-trespass or Burglary.*—485 cases were reported against 441 of the preceding year. Out of the total number, 200 cases were investigated, 77 sent up for trial, 66 convicted and 7 discharged. 4 cases remained pending in Courts at the close of the year.

The percentage of conviction to investigation was 27 against 16.2 of the last year, showing an increase of 6.5 which is very satisfactory.

114 persons were arrested. Of these 83 were convicted, 21 discharged and 9 remained under trial at the close of the year.

The value of property stolen amounted to Rs. 67,720-10-9 against Rs. 61,085-2-3 of the preceding year. The value of property recovered was Rs. 3,873-5-0.

*Ordinary Theft.*—280 cases were reported during the year against 262 last year, showing an increase of 18. 223 were investigated of which 114 were sent up for trial. Conviction was secured in 100 giving a percentage of 44.8 against 46.1 of the last year. 10 cases were discharged and 4 remained pending at the close of the year.

*Cattle Theft.*—227 cases were reported against 180 of the preceding year. The number of cattle stolen was 503 against 345 of the last year. Out of the total number 227 were recovered against 169 last year. The value of the cattle stolen amounted to Rs. 27,674-4-0 and that of the recovered was Rs. 15,958-12-0 which is satisfactory.

*Offences relating to coins, stamps and notes* —Only one case of counterfeit coin was reported during the year. It secured conviction.

*Vagrancy and bad livelihood.*—There were 55 cases under section 109 and 110 Criminal Procedure Code against 107 last year. All were sent up for trial. 54 cases were convicted and one remained pending at the close of the year.

In addition to the above 5 cases of the last year secured conviction during the year under report.

*Escape from Custody.*—There were 9 cases against the same number last year. Out of the 9 cases, 5 were sent up for trial. 4 cases were convicted and one remained pending at the close of the year.

*Identification of criminals by means of finger prints.*—The finger impression slips of 138 persons were sent to different Bureaux. Of these 62 were traced with previous convictions against 83 last year.

*Criminal Tribes.*—A separate report is prepared annually about these people. It is therefore unnecessary to say much about them here. During the year 95 members of these tribes were convicted of offences under the Penal Code against 96 last year.

*Absconded offenders.*—There were 120 on the register at the beginning of the year, 14 were added during the year, making a total of 134. Of these 20 were arrested leaving 114 still absconding at the close of the year.

*Cases under section 202 Cr. Procedure Code* —347 cases were received by the Police from the various Courts for investigation, against 323 last year. They were all returned to the courts concerned after necessary action.

*Processes.*—Altogether 4,045 processes were served through the Police during the year under report against 4,494 last year.

*Arrest of deserters* —31 deserters from Indian Army were arrested and sent back to their respective regiments during the year against 35 in the preceding year.

*Co-operation with British Districts etc.*—The relations of the State Police with the Police of the adjoining British Districts and Native States continued to be satisfactory as usual.

*Armed Police.*—The sanctioned strength is 100. There were 11 vacancies at the close of the year.

*Mounted Police.*—The sanctioned strength is 17. There were 3 vacancies at the close of the year.

*Civil Police.*—There was no change during the year. The position remained just the same as in the preceeding year.

*Buildings.*—No new buildings were constructed during the year under report.

*Chaukidari system*—There was no change in the Chaukidari system during the year.

*Inspection of Thanas.*—All Thanas excepting Kotwali and Rupbas were inspected by the Superintendent of Police during the year.

**34. Judicial**—Babu Sheo Lal, B.A. continued to be the District and Sessions Judge, Bharatpur, while Munshi Raghunath Saha and Rai Sahib Munshi Baldeo Prasad, B.A., continued to be Nazims and District Magistrates of Bharatpur and Dig circles, respectively

The Court of Additional Magistracy, Bharatpur, was re-established from the commencement of the year and Munshi Babu Prasad was appointed as Additional Magistrate

*Original Criminal cases.*—The total number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts of the State during the year under report was 3,736 against 3,052 in the previous year. Of the 3,736 cases, 1,104 were challaned by the police and the remaining 2,632 were received by the Courts direct on complaint. The number of persons tried was 9,959 against 8,494 during the previous year. Out of these, 2,171 persons were convicted, 4,497 acquitted, 1,879 discharged, 237 committed and 539 died or otherwise disposed of.

The number of persons remaining under trial at the end of the year under report was 636 against 891 in the previous year. The number of acquittals and discharges during the year under report was 6,376 against 4,817 in the previous year.

*Criminal Appeals.*—The total number of appeals filed during the year in the various Courts was 341 against 298 in the previous year. Of these 311 cases, sentences were confirmed in 183, modified in 37 and reversed in 80. The number of cases in which a reference was made to higher Courts, or which were transferred to other Courts or summarily rejected, was 5. Further enquiry was ordered in 4. Proceedings were quashed in 2. The number of cases remaining undisposed of at the end of the year was 30.

*Applications for revision in Criminal cases.*—165 Applications for revision were presented to the Courts of Sessions Judge and the Nazims and District Magistrates, Bharatpur and Dig, and the Additional Magistrate, Bharatpur. Of these 79 were rejected, in 31 judgments of the Lower Courts were upheld; in 26 the orders of the Lower Courts were reserved or modified and in 14 orders for further enquiries were passed and 8 cases were referred to the Court of the Judicial Member for orders, leaving 7 cases pending at the close of the year. To the 8 cases may be added 177 applications or cases for revision, which were presented to the Judicial Member direct or otherwise came to his notice, making a total of 185 revision cases dealt with by him, as against 156 in the previous year.

Out of the 177 cases, 48 were summarily rejected, in 32 judgments of the lower Courts were upheld and in 11 the orders of the lower Courts were revised or modified or quashed and in one case orders for further enquiry were passed, leaving 85 cases pending at the end of the year.

*Civil Original.*—3,133 Civil cases were instituted during the year under report, against 3,017 in the previous year. The number of cases pending at the close of the last year was 415, thus there were altogether 3,544 cases for disposal during the year, of which 3,351 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 193 pending at the close of the year. Out of the 3,351 cases disposed of, 327 were decided ex-parte, 1,592 were admitted or compromised, 643 were struck off the file and 789 were disposed of otherwise. The total amount of property involved was Rs. 3,27,324-0-1 which means an average of Rs. 104-7-7 per case. The number of cases above Rs. 5,000 was nil; below 5,000 and above 1,000—17; below Rs. 1,000 and above 500 was 52; below Rs. 500 and above Rs. 100—674 and below Rs. 100—2,390.

*Civil Appeals*—367 Appeals were preferred during the year under report and 58 were pending from the last year, making a total of 425 appeals or applications for disposal, including those presented to the Judicial Member's Court. Of these 311 were disposed of and 114 remained pending at the close of the year. The number of cases for disposal during the previous year, Sambat 1976, was 257.

*Execution of Decrees.*—The value of applications for execution of decrees presented during the year under report, was Rs. 1,96,301-1-4 against Rs. 2,20,596 in the previous year. 430 cases were pending at the beginning of the year and 1,577 were instituted during the year, making a total of 2,007 of which 1,828 were disposed of leaving a balance of 179 cases at the close of the year.

*Registration*—The number of documents presented for Registration was 840 against 724 in the last year. The value of property dealt with in the documents registered was Rs. 2,73,960 against Rs. 2,48,250 in the last year. Out of the documents presented, 761 were registered while there were 56 documents, registration of which was refused, leaving a balance of 23 at the close of the year.

*Cattle pounds.*—There are altogether 41 Cattle Pounds in the State of which one is managed by the Gardens Department and the remaining 40, under the Judicial Department, are supervised by the local Tehsildars with a clerk attached to each of them. The total income of these pounds during the year under report amounted to Rs. 8,292 against Rs. 11,513 in the previous year, while the expenditure amounted to Rs. 3,011. The decrease in income is due to the indifferent Kharif and Rabi crops, owing to which fewer animals were sent to the Cattle Pounds.

**35 Jail. Personnel.**—Babu Amarnath, B. A., continued to hold charge of the post of Superintendent, and Pandit Parshottam Lal as Jailor. Doctor I. A. Solomon, Senior Sub Assistant Surgeon, acted as Medical Officer.

*Receipt & Expenditure.*—The total Receipts amounted to Rs. 4,233.11.6 against Rs. 1,615.9.5 of the previous year. This includes the sum of Rs. 2,746 on account of the sale proceeds of manufactured articles from the Jail Factory and Rs. 1,346 on account of private printing etc. done at the Jail-Press. The details of the Receipts are given in Appendix to this Report.

The total Expenditure of the Department amounted to Rs. 16,639 against Rs. 14,159 of the preceding year. The chief increase was under the subhead "Factory expenses" and "salary". This sum of Rs. 16,639 does not include the expenditure on other major heads i. e. diet of prisoners, lighting, medicines etc., which commodities were supplied by the State Kothar and Medical Departments, respectively under the new arrangements.

*Number of prisoners.*—The total number of prisoners on 1st November 1920, was 361 of whom 19 were females, and the number of admissions during the year was 644, including 9 females, against 640 including 27 females of the preceding year. Thus the total population of convict prisoners which passed through the Jail during the year, was 995.

The number of prisoners discharged from the Jail was 635 including 19 females against 554, including 9 females of the previous year. The balance at the end of the year was 360 prisoners, viz 351 males and 9 females. The daily average of the prisoners of all classes was 348.48.

The number of under-trial prisoners at the commencement of the year was 4. The number received during the year was 464. The number of under-trials disposed of was 454, leaving 14 under-trials at the close of the year.

The number of civil prisoners received during the year was 2, discharged 2, leaving nil at the end of the year.

The number of prisoners released on appeal and bail was 104, against 96 of the preceding year.

The number of prisoners released under the remission system was 108 and of those released on the expiry of their sentences was 336, against 102 and 324 respectively, of the previous year. In addition to the above, 16 prisoners were transferred to the Jails outside Bharatpur in order to undergo the unexpired portions of their sentences in those Jails.

51 Prisoners were released from the Jail in June 1921, in honour of the happy occasion of the birth of Shri Second Maharaj Kumar Sahib, the rest being granted a remission of 4 months each, in their sentences, except those who had more than one previous convictions or were convicted under Sections 124 I.P.C. and 109, 110 Criminal Procedure Code or were awarded punishment by Courts Martial.

No prisoner was executed or transferred beyond the seas, during the year under report.

The number of juvenile offenders was 15 against 17 of the last year. Of these 9 were convicted under Section 188 I.P.C.

The number of habitual offenders received during the year was 86

against 172 of the preceding year. Of these 20 were Minas, 14 Kanjars 11 Meos.

The largest number of offenders were those convicted under Section 188 I.P.C., being 113 in number, followed by those under Section 379 I.P.C. being 72 against 60 of the preceding year and those under Section 457 I.P.C., being 63 against 40.

*Lunatics*—No lunatic was admitted into the Jail during the year. Four lunatics are being maintained at the State expense at the Agra Lunatic Asylum.

*Health of prisoners*.—The health of prisoners continued to be satisfactory, with the exception that 13 deaths occurred from Influenza and Pneumonia in the months of December 1920 and January 1921. The total number of prisoners admitted as Indoor patients was 351 against 92 in the previous year, the daily average being 18.56 against 13.33 last year. The number of prisoners admitted as out-door patients was 5,508 against 6,105 last year, the daily average being 28.39 against 35.17 of the last year.

*Escape*.—One prisoner escaped from the extramural gang working at the Shri Jaswant Show and Fair grounds, but he was recaptured soon after in the adjoining jungle.

*Jail Garden*.—Vegetables to the extent of  $1\frac{1}{2}$  maunds were supplied daily for the prisoners from the Jail gardens throughout the year. The surplus produce of vegetables sold at the market rate fetched an income of Rs. 30-9-0 against Rs. 100 of the last year. The decrease is due chiefly to the failure of the lemon crop. The total expenditure on the garden amounted to Rs. 248 against Rs. 135, the former including the cost of a new pair of bullocks purchased and its maintenance charges. The cultivation of Rambans plant was extended in and outside the garden on a large scale.

*Jail Factory*.—The Jail Factory has shown better results during the year under report than in the preceding year. The total receipts which were the sale proceeds of articles manufactured, amounted to Rs. 2,174 against Rs. 1,636 of the preceding year. At the Shri Jaswant Show and Fair, the Jail Factory joined the weaving competition and the prisoners demonstrated their skill by showing their work at the various looms. The Factory was awarded 24 prizes of the value of Rs. 165 including special prize from His Highness Shri Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang and Her Highness Shrimati Maji Sahiba, C.I. In addition to this, a sum of Rs. 125 was awarded by His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang, for feasting the prisoners in recognition of their hard work in cleaning the Fair grounds. The chief articles of manufacture were carpets, country cloths, woollen blankets, dusters, money bags, cotton tape, Moonj matting, Rambans matting and carpets. Besides this the Factory prepared uniforms for the prisoners, as also woollen blankets and coats which were hitherto purchased from the Agra Central Jail.

*General*.—(a) 36 Prisoners were awarded minor punishments and 69 major punishments for prison offences against 53 and 55 of the last year.

(b) The scale of diet and clothing is the same as is prescribed in the United Provinces Jail Manual.

(c) Her Highness Shrimati Maji Sahiba, C.I., who evinces great interest in the working of the Jail Factory, was graciously pleased to visit the Jail and the Factory. Her Highness expressed delight on an all round improvement in the Jail, particularly in the Factory and the Press Departments.

His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang, was graciously pleased to visit the Jail on several occasions. His Highness was accompanied by his staff and on one occasion, by Mr. A. R. Jelf, I.C.S., Political Agent, Eastern Rajputana States.

The following officers inspected the Jail during the year under report:—

1. Dewan Bahadur Munshi Raushan Lal, B. A., Judicial and Financial Member and Secretary Council.
2. Colonel Dhan Bakshi Girdhar Singh Sahib Bahadur, Military Member, State Council.
3. Major J. McPherson, M. A., M. B., F. R. C. S. E., L. R. C. P., I. M. S., Agency Surgeon, Eastern Rajputana States.
4. Major Kunwar Ghamandi Singh, Private Secretary to His Highness.
5. Major Kunwar Balbir Singh, Military Secretary to His Highness.
6. Major Pandit Narain Das, M. A., L. L. B., A. D. C. to His Highness.
7. Sardar Sahib Amrik Singh, Chief Medical Officer Faridkot State.

**36. Stationery Department.**—The Superintendent of Jail is ex-officio Superintendent of the Stationery and Press Departments. The Stationery Department is working satisfactorily. The requirements of the various State departments including the Census, were met within the budget allotment of Rs. 32,000. This includes the charges on account of stationery and printing materials, including paper etc. issued to the various departments according to the scale fixed by the Darbar.

**Press.**—There are altogether 14 printing machines and Litho presses. Besides there is one Die-embossing machine, one cutting machine and one ruling machine. They are worked by prison labour. All printing of the State in English, Hindi or Urdu is done at the Jail Press. Besides these, the Judicial Court fee and Adhesive Stamps were also printed at the Press to meet a pressing demand.

*The State Gazette.*—The "Rajpatra" or the State Gazette, continued to be printed at the State Press. It is published fortnightly in Hindi and contains accounts of State public functions and all important official communiques and notifications.

**37. Municipal Board Bharatpur.**—*Boundaries.*—There was no change under this head during the year under report. The Municipal area has been re-arranged and divided into 6 instead of 13 wards as hitherto.



*Personnel of the Municipal Board.*—Owing to the introduction of the new scheme the following official and non-official members of the Board were elected.

*Officials* —The Military Secretary, State Engineer, Superintendent of Customs, Superintendent of Police, State Medical officer, the Officer of the Municipal Board and Nazul and Bhatt Nathi Lal Raj Vaid.

*Non-Officials.*—Seth Lala Damodar Lal, Babu Kanhia Lal, Lala<sup>3</sup> Hazari Lal, two posts remained vacant.

On the transfer of Pandit Lalita Pershad to the Accounts department, Chaubey Lachman Pershad, head clerk Alia Ijlas Khas acted as Ex-officio Secretary Municipal Board and officer Nazul, temporarily, till the appointment of Faujdar Kishen Singh.

*Meeting of the various sub-committees.*—During the year the various sub-committees of the Board held their meetings as under:—

1. Board	...	...	1.
2. Sanitary sub-committee	...	...	13.
3. Building sub-committee	...	...	15.
4. Ekka sub-committee	...	...	9.

*Fire Accidents.*—Usual precautions were taken to prevent fire accidents; there being no accident during the year under report.

*Conservancy.*—The contract of buffaloes for conservancy carts was held by Seth Lala Damodar Lal for Rs. 900 per mensem, including charges for repairs to the carts, etc. as per last year. He worked satisfactorily.

*Public Latrines & Urinals*—The number remained the same as last year.

*Malkot.*—Licenses were granted to the chamars who are doing the work of curing and tanning of hides.

*Cleaning of wells.*—Wells which supply drinking water were cleaned in accordance with the Health Officer's instructions.

*Epidemics.*—The city was free from Epidemics during the year under report except influenza which broke out on 1-1-21, and lasted for 24 days and was responsible for 208 deaths. Preventive measures were at once taken by the medical department to eradicate the disease.

*Vital statistics* —During the year there were 1,365 deaths and 1,446 births against 2,233 deaths 827 births in the year before.

*Lighting.*—Besides making special arrangements for lighting on special occasions 56 street lamps were lighted in the city and its suburbs during the year.

*Expenditure & Income.*—The income and expenditure of the board during the year amounted to Rs. 32,423 and 23,404 respectively.

38. The Dig town with its magnificent Bhawans (Palaces) gardens and pucca tanks comes next in importance to Bharatpur as regards area

and oppulation and is visited by a large number of pilgrims on the occasion of the Jatra fair in the month of August-September. Sanitation of the town is looked after by a municipal board with sub-committees.

The general health of the town remained good. There was no epidemic during the year under report. There were 621 births and 547 deaths during the year.

The income and expenditure of the board during the year amounted to Rs. 15,819 and 15,803 against 9,641 and 7,984 respectively.

**39. Sanitary Board Kumher.**—The general health and sanitation of the town in the year under report remained good.

The total number of deaths in the town was 60 while the number of births 29. The increased mortality was mainly due to malarial fever.

There was no epidemic during the year under report.

Other arrangements regarding lighting and removal of filth continued to be satisfactory.

Income	...	...	Rs. 1,395.
Expenditure	...	...	„ 1,843.

**40. Sanitary Board Kaman.**—There was no epidemic during the year under report. The total number of deaths in the town was 452, while the number of births was 396.

The well known annual Jatra fair with its large number of pilgrims passed off well with the exception that there were a few cases of cholera. Immediately steps were taken to eradicate the disease.

Other arrangements regarding lighting and removal of filth remained as usual.

Income	...	...	Rs. 2,258.
Expenditure	...	...	„ 2,884.

**41. Sanitary Board Bayana** —The town of Bayana enjoyed good health, except during July and August when there were 7 seizures and 4 deaths from cholera.

Other arrangements regarding lighting and removal of filth continued to be satisfactory.

Income	...	...	Rs. 2,105.
Expenditure	...	...	„ 1,934.

The total number of deaths was 260, while the number of births was 249.

**42 Sanitary Board Weir** —No epidemic visited the town during the year under report. The total number of deaths was 140, while the number of births was 170. The general health and sanitation of the town in the year under report remained satisfactory.

Other arrangements remained as usual.

Income	...	...	Rs. 1,336.
Expenditure	...	...	„ 2,002.

43. **Sanitary Board Bhusawar.**—No epidemic visited the town during the year under report.

Other arrangements remained as usual.

The total number of deaths was 183 while the number of births was 231.

Income	...	...	Rs. 2,265.
Expenditure	...	...	„ 1,710.

44. **Nazul.**—As mentioned in the last year's report this department has been amalgamated with the municipal board and placed under one officer.

The duties of this department are to look after the State houses, shops, and land situated in the city and at Sesar.

The total income during the year was Rs. 8,714 against Rs. 8,196 last year.

45. **Garden Department.**—The Garden Department remained under the charge of Mr. W. A. Gaitely, Superintendent State Gardens.

In addition to the gardens at the Head Quarters of the State there are State Gardens, worthy of mention, at Agra, Muttra, and Goverdhan. The gardens at Agra are excellent gardens.

The Head Quarter gardens are both residential and public.

The contract for fruits and flowers was given as usual and a sum of Rs. 10,482 was realized during the year under report against Rs. 8,841 of the preceding year.

The income derived from the cattle pound in the Victoria Park amounted to Rs. 980 against Rs. 938 of the previous year.

The budget allotment for the upkeep of the State Gardens for the year under report was Rs. 70,875 out of which a sum of Rs. 57,923 was incurred during the year against Rs. 40,865 of the previous year.

Thakur Gokal Singh Assistant Officer Gardens worked as Superintendent Gardens during Mr. Gaitely's absence from the Head Quarters in the months of May and June.

## CHAPTER IV—Production and Distribution

46. **Bagar and Forest.**—The Bagar department looks after the State Rundhs, controls the production and distribution of grass in the State and supplies charcoal and other sundries to the State Departments, Members of the Ruling family, and to European officers.

The number of rundhs (grass preserves) in the State under the control of this department is 10.

*Establishment.*—In the year under report Captain Nur Mohamad who had been looking after the department was transferred and succeeded by

Captain Sri Ram who remained in charge of the department till the close of the year.

*Produce*.—The produce of grass in the Rundhs was 83,312 mds. against 74,707 mds. of the preceding year. The stock of grass in hand at the beginning of the year was 38,700 mds. Adding to this 83,312, the yield of the year, 6,980 mds. received from the Transport Corps and 400 mds. from the Cavalry Regiment, the grand total amounted to 1,29,392 mds. The quantity spent during the year was 1,28,852 mds. leaving the balance in hand at the close of the year to be 540 mds.

*Expenditure*.—The actual expenditure of the department amounted to Rs. 42,749 against the budget provision of Rs. 56,000.

*Income*.—The actual receipt amounted to Rs. 11,507 against the budget provision of 10,500. The chief items of receipt were grazing fee 8,267, sale of fodder 1,107, Miscellaneous 232, Recovery of arrears 1,900.

*Soil*.—The soil of the Rundh is loam, except in some places where it is sandy loam. There are big nullas, hills and swamps in the Rundhs. The whole area is overgrown with bushes the chief of which are kikar, Choukra Heens, Khandyār and Arni. Gandhel, Jirga, Mahra, Sarwala are the kinds of grass that generally grow in the Rundhs.

*Grazing fee*.—The Rundhs are closed for grazing purposes at the commencement of the rainy season and opened after the grass has been cut.

*P. W. D.—Period*.—The report embraces the period of 12 months from 1st November 1920 to 31st October 1921.

*Budget grant*.—The Budget grant for the P. W. D. works for the year under report was Rs. 2,19,574.

*Contributinal works*.—Only one contributinal work of clearance of city drains for Rs. 1,246 was executed by this department on behalf of Municipal Board, Bharatpur during the year under report.

Abstract of expenditure on the Service Heads of accounts against the grant during the year is given below:—

Item No.	Main Heads.	Minor Heads.	Budget grant.	Contribution.	Expenditure.	Remarks.
1	Establishment ...	...	48,924	...	37,819	
2	Travelling Allowance ...	...	500	...	178	
3	Contingent charges ...	...	500	...	200	
	Works ...					
4	Irrigation ...	Original ...	9,000	...	...	Transferred to new road.
5	Irrigation ...	Repairs ...	45,000	...	35,691	
6	Communication ...	New Roads ...	10,000	...	19,000	
7	Communication ...	Distt. Roads.	80,000	...	68,200	5,000 transferred to Paved Road.
8	Communication ...	Municipal & Palace Roads ...	10,000	...	3,968	
9	Communication ...	Paved Road ...	15,000	...	20,000	
10	Tools etc., New supply & Repairs ...	...	250	...	34	
11	Public Improvement ...	...	nil	...	nil	
12	Aerated Water Factory.	...	600	...	396	The amount of Rs. 204 transferred to Kothi khas.
13	Contributational work ...	...	...	1,246		
	Total ...		2,19,574	1,246	1,79,986	

*Total Expenditure.*—The expenditure incurred on final heads of accounts as per items Nos 4 to 11 (works) is Rs. 1,41,893 and that of Contributational work is Rs. 1,246 hence total expenditure amounts to Rs. 1,43,139.

The total expenditure on the Establishment charges as per items Nos. 1 to 3 is Rs. 27,697.

*Percentage of Establishment charges.*—The percentage of Establishment charges on P. W. D. works thus comes to Rs. 26.33 against 31.33 of last year owing to road gang being charged to works this year under report instead of its being debited to Establishment as last year.

*Estimates.*—All the estimates for original works upto Rs. 500 and those for repairs amounting to Rs 1,000 were sanctioned by the late Miscellaneous Secretary upto the month of July 1921 and after that by the State Engineer himself. The estimates exceeding the above amounts were sanctioned by the Alia Ijlas Khas according to the rules in force.

*Re-appropriations from sanctioned grants.*—The re-appropriations of Rs. 9,000 from head irrigation original and 5,000 from District Roads were sanctioned by Alia Ijlas Khas to new roads and Paved Bazar road respectively.

*Funds.*—Funds are received by means of salary and contingent bills being sent to State Treasury like other departments of the State.

*Contracts.*—All the P. W. D. works were executed by means of con-

tracts sanctioned to contractors and zamindars as usual; and the system proved satisfactory.

*Classification.*—The report is divided into 3 parts dealing with each of the following branches of the Department or budget separately.

1. P. W. D. Irrigation.
2. P. W. D. Roads.
3. Stone Quarries.

The following are the important works done during the year under report:—

*P. W. D. Irrigation.*

Item No.	Name of works.	Expenditure.
1.	Silt clearance of Pichuna canal ...	5,848
2.	Closing breaches of Churari Bund ...	1,030
3.	" " " Ajan Bund ...	2,330
4.	Silt clearance of upper Lalpur channel ...	1,716
5.	" " " Bareta Bund channels ...	1,118
6.	" " " Feeder channel of Sikri Bund ...	1,053
7.	Construction of Road dam on Weir Bayana road	1,105
8.	Closing breach of Bansi Bund ...	943
9.	" " " Uehhain canal ...	894
10.	Silt clearance of Uehhain canal ...	780
11.	" " " Sanki-wali Nahar Sikri Bund	700

List of important road works executed during the year under report:—

*New Roads.*

Serial No.	Name of works.	Expenditure.
1.	Construction of a new proposed Kama Pahari road length 14 miles ...	19,000 in progress.
2.	Construction of a drain inside Fort ...	6,044

*District Roads.*

3.	Remetalling roads inside Fort ...	6,903
4.	Remetalling Bharatpur Jaipur 1st class road	6,855
5.	" " " Dig road ...	10,213
6.	Remetalling Dig Goverdhan road ...	5,004
7.	" " " Kama road ...	4,159
8.	" " " Bharatpur Muttra road ...	2,459

*Municipal & Palace Roads.*

9.	Remetalling road inside Golbagh ...	1,643
10.	Improvement to Paved Bazar road ...	20,000
11.	2nd class roads ...	673

NOTE—The earth work of Kama Pahari road is nearly completed this year. Pucca work, metalling and the construction of bridges and culverts etc., are to be done next year.

The list of the executive staff employed in the department is as below:—

1. Sardar Bahadur Major Narayan Singh held charge of Public works Department as Executive Engineer and afterwards

State Engineer and P. W. D. Secretary since 31 August 1921.

2. Three Sub-Divisional Officers.

3. One Overseer.

4. Eight Sub-Overseers.

48. **State Stone Quarries.**—The Stone Quarries having been worked in contract from November 1920 to 25th April 1921, the contract in question was subsequently cancelled after that date and the work of Quarries was resumed departmentally on the same lines as before.

The total outturn of stone during the six months viz, May to October 1921 was 90,877 Mds and the stone sold during this period was 1,29,553 Mds and 19 Cft. and the cost realized thereon amounted to Rs. 65,694 including all charges. After deducting the cost price of stone and working expenses the net revenue amounted to Rs. 47,464.

In addition to the above a sum of Rs. 166 was also realized as supervision and other charges.

A sum of Rs. 15,293 was also received from the Government as Royalty on stone quarried and supplied by the Government contractor from the Paharpur Quarries for the Imperial buildings at Delhi and Rs. 427 as Royalty on ballast quarried by the contractor of the B.B. & C.I. Railway from the State hills was also received from the Railway.

Thus the total income of Quarries amounted to Rs. 63,350.

## CHAPTER V-REVENUE & FINANCE

49. Chaube Hari Shanker B.A. continued to be the Accountant General of the State throughout the year.

As mentioned in previous Administration Reports, the financial year of the State commences from the 1st November and closes on the 31st October. The figures given in this Chapter, therefore, relate to the period ending the 31st October 1921 (1977 Sambat).

The following statement shows the figures of actual Receipts and Expenditure of the State for the year under report Sambat 1977 (1920-1921), as well as for the previous year Sambat 1976 (1919-20):—

Particulars.	Opening balance.	Receipts.	Total.	Expenditure.	Closing balance
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Budget estimate for Sambat year 1976 (1919—20) ...	8,451	49,52,569	49,61,020	49,58,937	2,683
Budget estimate for Sambat year 1977 (1920—21) ...	964	34,44,086	34,45,050	41,60,419	—7,15,369
Actuals for Sambat 1976 (1919—20)	8,374	50,96,667	51,04,981	51,04,017	964
Actuals for Sambat 1977 (1920—21)	950	70,07,539	70,08,489	69,83,571	24,918
Difference of Sambat 1976(1919-20) ...	—77	1,44,038	1,43,961	1,45,080	1,119
Difference of Sambat 1977(1920-21) ...	—14	+35,63,453	+35,63,439	28,23,152	—6,90,451

In order to fully appreciate the financial position of the State and to reconcile the abnormally high figures of actual Receipts and Expenditure, as against the budgetted figures for the year under report, viz. Sambat 1977, ending on 31st October 1921, it is necessary to explain at the outset as follows:—

- (i) The Sterling Securities which were purchased in England last year were, in view of the exceptionally favourable exchange rates, sold and a sum of Rs. 16,53,000 was realised and credited into the State Treasury.
- (ii) Out of this money, the following two important Institutions or Funds have been established:—
  1. The Krishna Bank, with which the Co-operative Bank has been incorporated. Capital Rs. 10 lacs.
  2. The Irrigation Wells Fund. Capital Rs. 3 lacs.
- (iii) A sum of about Rs. 9,64,000 was borrowed from the Imperial Bank of Agra and with it 6 per cent Government Bonds of the face value of Rs. 10 lacs were purchased.
- (iv) In view of the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, some motors, horses, furniture, Electric Plant and machinery etc. were purchased.

The Sambat year 1977 opened with a balance of Rs. 950 with famine conditions staring in the face. The receipts for the Revenue and allied heads were, therefore, anticipated very much below the average, and the budgets framed in view thereof, showed a deficit of Rs. 7,15,369. the figures for Receipts and Expenditure standing as follows:—

Receipts.—including opening balance.	Rs. 31,45,050.
Expenditure.	Rs. 41,60,419.
Deficit.	Rs. 7,15,369.

The actual figures of Receipts and Expenditure, however, proved to be extraordinarily high as follows:—

Receipts.—including opening balance.	Rs. 70,08,489.
Expenditure.	Rs. 69,83,571.
Closing balance	Rs. 24,918.

The swelling up of Receipts from the ordinary figure of about Rs. 35 lacs to about Rs 70 lacs, is accounted for by the following extraordinary items:—

1. Sale proceeds of the Sterling Securities in England.	Rs. 16,53,000.
2. Loan from the Imperial Bank for investment in Govt. Bonds.	9,64,000.
3. Loan from the Krishna Bank	4,00,000.
4. Loan from the Irrigation wells Fund.	1,75,000.
5. Loan from the Deorhi Tehsil.	1,00,000.
6. Excess transfers from Debt Heads.	4,00,000.
Total	Rs. 36,92,000.



The corresponding extraordinary increase under Expenditure was as follows:—

1. Loan to the Krishna Bank.	Rs. 10,00,000.
2. Endowment for Irrigation wells (Irrigation wells Fund).	3,00,000.
3. Purchase of Govt. Bonds.	10,00,000.
4. Purchase of motors, horses, aeroplanes, etc.	3,54,000.
5. Advances & expenses for the purchase of furniture, Electric Sundries etc.	3,00,000.
Total	Rs. 29,54,000.

The excess under Extraordinary Receipts over Extraordinary Expenditure which comes to about Rs. 7 lacs, was utilized in meeting the budgetted deficit of nearly the same amount, as shown above.

The work of the Diwanan Dafter and the Sub-Treasuries, which are in charge of the Accountant General, continued to be satisfactory.

The total number of pensioners and minors in receipt of pensions and allowances from the State was 1,878 at the beginning of the year, of whom 109 died, 333 were struck off, 28 reappointed, while 364 were newly enlisted, making the number on the roll at the close of the year to be 1,772.

The total amount of pension disbursed during the year was Rs. 1,34,513 against Rs. 1,26,480 in the previous year. The increase is mainly due to the grant of a larger number of pensions and gratitude owing to the War.

*State Treasurer.*—Rai Bahadur Seth Mulchand Nemichand continued to be in charge of the State Treasury.

## CHAPTER VI—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

50. *Vital Statistics.*—The total number of births and deaths for the whole State was 9,561 and 7,804 respectively against 8,013 and 10,404 in the previous year.

*Dispensaries*—The number sanctioned Hospitals and dispensaries during the year was 16 against 17 in the previous year. Bareta Dispensary was closed on the forenoon of the 11th February 1921.

*Attendance of Patients*—2,688 In and 2,43,426 Outpatients were treated in all the Hospitals and Dispensaries during the year as against 2,676 In and 2,26,216 Outpatients in the previous year showing an increase of 12 In and 17,210 Outpatients over the previous year figures.

*Surgical Operation.*—8,251 Operations minor and major were performed during the year under report against 6,669 the year before, showing an increase of 1,582 operations as compared with the figures of the previous year. Of the total 2,616 (1,589 major & 1,027 minor) operations were performed in the Victoria Hospital as against 2,016 of the last year.

*Epidemic.—Cholera.*—137 cases were reported to this office out of which 90 proved fatal. One town (Bayana) and seven villages were

affected. The disease first appeared in the village of Jaginā on the 13th June, 1921, and was quietly subsided on the 27th August, 1921.

*Influenza.*—Influenza was responsible for 229 deaths, of the total mortality 217 were reported from two towns i. e. Bharatpur City and Rupbas and the rest from one village. The disease lasted from 1st January 1921, to 25th February, 1921.

*Plague.*—107 seizures and 85 deaths were reported to this office. The disease appeared on the 27th February 1921, in the village of Mai in Nadbai Tehsil and after a short existence of 1½ months disappeared on 17th April, 1921. 8 villages were affected.

*Vaccination.*—The number of Vaccination Operations performed during the year was 19,379 as against 17,327 in the previous year. The average number of operations performed by each Vaccinator was 1,807 as against 1,621 in the previous year.

The total number of children inspected by the Assistant Superintendent of Vaccination was 5,943 as against 4,366 in the previous year.

*Expenditure.*—The total expenditure incurred by the State over the Medical and Vaccination Departments was Rs. 49,036-6-11 as against 54,459-10-2 in the previous year.

*General Remarks.*—The post of the Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon remained vacant throughout the whole year. The work was carried out by a male Sub-Assistant Surgeon from the Victoria Hospital.

No new student was sent to the Medical School, Indore during the year under report. Out of six students of the last year one Girraj Singh died and the other was taken in the State service. Thus the number of students under training at the close of the year was 4.

Major J. McPherson, M. A., M. B., F. R. C. S. E., M. R. C. P., I. M. S., held charge of the office of the Agency Surgeon, Eastern Rajputana States from 1st November, 1920, to 10th July, 1921 both days inclusive. He was transferred to Baroda on forenoon of the 11th July, 1921 and since then the work of the office is being carried out by Sub-Assistant Surgeon I. A. Solomon, under the Visiting charge of Major R. H. Lee, I. M. S. Agency Surgeon, Kotah and Jhalawar.

51. *Ayurvedic Aushadhalya*—With a view to improve the old Ayurvedic system of treatment Bhatt Nathi Lal was entertained as Raj Vaid from 15-3-19. He commenced work at the Palace, where his services received the appreciation of Her Highness Shri Mati Maji Sahiba C. I. A sum of Rs. 2,750 was sanctioned for medicines etc.

During the first four months of the institution of the Ayushadhalaya, medical relief was afforded to 1,360 patients with an average of 27 per diem.

Medical relief was afforded to 7,528 patients during the year under report with a daily average of 51. The institution is getting popular day by day.

## CHAPTER VII--EDUCATION.

52. *Re-organization of the Department.*—Re-organization of the Department was sanctioned by His Highness Shri Maharaja Sahib Bahadur Bahadur Jang in October 1919 and since it has been in force.

*Personnel of the Administration.*—Munshi Jugal Behari Lal M. A. Director of Public Instruction continued to hold charge of the Department during the year under report and Pandits Panna Lal and Mangi Lal as Inspectors of Vernacular Schools.

*Number of Institutions and Schools.*—The number of State Schools throughout the year remained 123 the same as it was last year. No new School was started or closed during the year.

There are 63 unaided private Schools, 62 for boys and one for girls, thus the grand total of all kinds of Schools comes upto 186 as against 161 of the last year. The number of Scholars receiving education in the State and unaided Schools stands at 5803 as against 5735 of the last year. The increase in the number of pupils is mostly due to the opening of private schools.

The percentage of male scholars to male population of school going age was 13.99 as against 11.86 of the last year. In the case of girls it is .98 as against .91 of the last year. There being 1338 villages including towns in the State, one school serves nearly 7 villages as it served on an average of 9 villages last year. The higher average being due to the increase in private institutions.

*Income and Expenditure.*—A sum of Rs. 90,018 was provided in the educational budget as against 85,386 of the last year. Out of this the total expenditure direct and indirect amounted to Rs. 61,258 during the year under report. The income derived from the school fees amounted to Rs. 2,514 as against 2,522 of the last year.

*English Education.*—There are two Anglo-Vernacular Schools maintained by the State,—the Sadar High School at Bharatpur and the Anglo-Vernacular School at Deeg.

1. The Sadar High School Bharatpur with an enrolment of 227 Scholars as against 239 of the last year teaches upto the Matriculation Standard of the Allahabad University.

2. The Anglo Vernacular School at Deeg has an enrolment of 59 scholars as against 60 of the last year and teaches upto the Rajputana Middle School Examination Standard.

For the benefit of such boys who wish to learn English after passing the Vernacular Final Examination of United Provinces, Special English class has been maintained at the Sadar High School Bharatpur.

The results of the Matriculation and Middle School Examinations in the year under report were as tabulated below:—

## MATRICULATION EXAMINATION

For the preceding year. For the year under report.  
No. sent up. No. passed. No. sent up. No. passed.

1. Sadar High School, Bharatpur.	22	10	19	7
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## RAJPUTANA MIDDLE EXAMINATION.

1. Sadar High School.	21	10	17	4
2. A. V. School, Dig.	5	5	10	1

From the above table it will appear that the pass percentage was higher last year than the year under report. However, the Matriculation results are above the average of the total University results this year.

*Sanskrit Education.*—A Sanskrit School is maintained at Bharatpur teaching upto the Acharya Examination of the Benares Sanskrit College. It has an enrolment of 26 against 43 of the last year. The decrease in number is due to the boys preferring to join schools teaching English.

Pandit Bulaki Ram Shastri was appointed supervisor of Sanskrit studies in the State.

The results of the Sanskrit Examinations are as noted below:—

For the previous year. For the year under report.  
No. sent up. No. passed. No. sent up. No. passed

Acharya 1st Year.	...	...	1	1
Madhyama Examination.	3	3	2	1
Prathama Examination.	...	...	1	1

A scholarship of Rs. 20 per mensem was granted during the year to one Natidass a scholar of Sanskrit school to receive education in the Ayurvedic system of Medicine at the Maharaja College Jaipur.

*Vernacular Education.*—The number of Vernacular secondary schools maintained by the State was 11 with an enrolment of 1536 scholars as against 1546 of the last year. They are located at Bharatpur, Kumher, Deeg, Kaman, Nagar, Pahari, Nadbai, Bayana, Weir, Bhusawar and Rupbas. 71 boys appeared at the Vernacular Final Examination of 1921 from the State Schools, of whom 32 candidates came out successful which is much better a result than that of the last year, and it is above the average.

*Primary Education.*—There are 109 Primary Schools under State management, of these 101 are boys schools and 8 for girls. The enrolment in the boys schools is 2603 while that in girls schools is 295.

*Female Education.*—The State maintains 8 girls schools with an enrolment of 295 scholars as against 256 of the last year. They are located at Bharatpur, Kumher, Deeg, Kaman, Bayana, Weir, Bhusawar and Rupbas.

*Education of the Depressed classes.*—With a view to uplifting the moral condition of the depressed classes the State maintains 3 schools i.e. Kanjars' schools at Blanchett-pura and Thikarya Settlements and Regrans School at Bayana.

Night schools are also held at these settlements in order to afford facilities to the elderly boys who remain occupied in the fields during the day. Religious instruction is imparted to the sons of Kunjars in these Settlements.

*Strength of the teaching Staff.*—The total number of teachers employed in the Anglo vernacular and Vernacular schools under State management, is 221, the same as last year. Of these four are graduates (out of whom one is licentiated in teaching) 5 F. A. (out of whom two are certified teachers) 3 certificated teachers, 1 matriculate, four Anglo Vernacular middle, passed, 27 normal passed, 136 Vernacular Final passed, 3 Shastris 1 Visharad, one Pryag and 36 unqualified teachers.

At the various center examinations conducted by the Inspectors of schools 2,407 scholars out of the total of 2,798 examined, were declared successful which is a satisfactory record of the work of teachers in village schools.

*Buildings.*—During the year under report no new school buildings were constructed.

*Hostel or Boarding House.*—Hostel accommodation has been provided in the Anglo Vernacular schools at Bharatpur and Deeg and also in Vernacular Secondary Schools as noted below:—

Deeg, Kumher, Kaman, Nagar, Bayana and Rupbas.

The Boarding house at Bhusawar has been closed owing to paucity of scholars.

The Total number of inmates residing in these boarding houses is 83 against 128 of the previous year. The reduction in the number is due to the fewer scholars coming from the villages to receive education owing to the continued famine during the year under report.

*Scholarships.*—The State spent this year a sum of Rs. 10,256 on scholarships to the deserving boys reading in secondary and Primary schools as well as in Arts and Technical Colleges. The details of the expenditure incurred during the year under report are stated below.

High School	...	...	1,360
A. V. School Deeg	...	...	120
Girls Schools	...	...	354
Halqabandi Schools	...	...	700
Ayurvedic	...	...	20
Sanskrit	...	...	155
Mayo College	...	...	5,000
Medical	...	...	1,263
Miscellaneous	...	...	1,284

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Total. 10,256

*Physical Training.*—Games and Physical training have been made compulsory in the High and town Schools and arrangements have been made for physical culture, drill and games in all the State schools. Play grounds have been provided in several towns. There is a distinct improvement in physical training especially in the town schools.

*Inspection.*—The number of inspections made by the Inspector of schools was 271 as against 262 of the last year and the Director of Public Instruction paid visits to 35 schools during the year.

*Religious Instructions.*—Religious instructions are also imparted to the pupils in every school of the State and moral lectures and lessons given once or twice a week.

*Improved Efficiency and Discipline.*—Strict discipline was maintained during the year throughout the Department and the conduct of the pupils was admirable.

*Public Library and Museum.*—The State maintains a Public Library at the Head Quarters of the State where leading papers and periodicals in English, Hindi, Urdu and Sanskrit are subscribed for the public.

A Museum is also attached to the Library and has different sorts of exhibits there.

The State spends Rs. 3,500 annually on these institutions.

7,790 persons visited the Library during the year under report.

## CHAPTER VIII.—Miscellaneous

**53. Customs and Excise Department.**—Both the institutions are amalgamated as one Department and continued to remain under the charge of Pandit Miya Shanker B.A., who worked as Superintendent.

The receipts from Customs under imports and exports during the year under report amounted to Rs. 1,51,022, as against Rs. 1,93,419, of the previous year.

The income under Import amounted to Rs. 62,508, as against Rs. 52,368, of the previous year and was derived chiefly from duties on Rice, foreign cloth country cloth, thread, metals, paper, Kirana etc. and that under export amounting to Rs. 85,279, against Rs. 1,38,216, of the previous year was realized on duty from oilseed, cotton, ghee, oil, buffaloes, betel leaves etc.

The following table will show the receipts under the separate heads of Import and Export for the three years.

Name of Sambat year.	Receipt from imports.	Receipt from exports.	Receipt from other sources.	Total Rs.
1975	50,439	1,24,411	6,658	1,81,508
1976	52,368	1,38,216	2,835	1,93,419
1977	62,508	85,279	3,235	1,51,022

Night schools are also held at these settlements in order to afford facilities to the elderly boys who remain occupied in the fields during the day. Religious instruction is imparted to the sons of Kunjars in these Settlements.

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1977	62,508	85,279	3,235	1,51,022



The total receipt for the year under review shows a decrease of Rs. 42,397. The decrease is due to the falling off of duty in the following cases:—

(i) Ghee was not exported in large quantities on account of a duty of Rs. 20 per maund levied the previous year. The rate of Ghee, however was made easy for the State throughout.

(ii) On account of the continuance of the prohibition on the export of cattle, less duty was realized.

(iii) Til, cotton etc. were not handsomely cropped and hence they were not exported much.

(iv) As foreign cloth was not imported as previous years, less duty was realized.

The notable decreases are in Ghee Rs. 22,398, leather Rs. 483, oil seeds 13,471, cotton 3,509, Bulls etc. 9,012, Buffaloes 3,287, Goats 8,006, Rice 3,124, Betel leaves 1,884. The increases were notable in Khas at Rs. 2,161, Deshi Cloth Rs. 2,045, etc.

The prohibition on the export of grain was removed under orders of Shri Alia Ijlas Khas, dated the 5th October 1921 as the rates of food grains in the State were at par with those of the outside territories.

The number of duty-collecting Stations remained 110 Chawkis and 15 Chabutras. One Chawki at Iklehra in Dig was newly created as an experimental measure for a period of six months to control the export of grain.

**Excise**—The Department continued to work on the Madras system. The consumption of excisable articles during the year under report as compared with the two preceding years was as follows:—

Name of commodity.	Consumption during								
	Sambat year 1975.			Sambat year 1976.			Sambat year 1977.		
Liquor ...	5,850	gallons.		6,913	gallons.		6,766	gallons.	
Opium ...	17	Mds. Srs. Ch	3	19	Mds. Srs. Ch	3	16	Mds. Srs. Ch	2
Charas ...	9	27	10	8	34	14	7	28	11
Bhang ...	62	5	11	50	20	13	55	18	11
Poppy-heads	7	38	6	8	8	4	6	27	7

Nearly all heads show a decrease in consumption excepting Bhang which shows some increase which is insignificant.

The actual receipts of the year as compared with the figures of the 2 preceding years are tabulated below:—

Name of heads.	Sambat 1975.	Sambat 1976.	Sambat 1977.
On account of Liquor ... ..	32,157	42,591	43,475
On account of Opium & drugs	23,148	25,552	33,278

Country liquor was imported from the Cawnpore Sugar Works Co., Ltd. at rates on a sliding scale differing from time to time at an average of 1-3-5 per London Proof Gallon, and sold at the rate of Rs. 1-12, per L.P. Gallon exclusive of State duty.

Opium continued to be received from the Government Treasurer Indore through the Excise Commissioner for Central India while Bhang, poppy-heads and Charas were purchased from Hoshiarpur, Amritsar etc.

All the commodities were issued to the retail vendors direct from the Ware House.

The number of persons licensed to sell drugs and country liquors remained 37 and 24 respectively as against 36 and 24 respectively of the last year.

There were 7 cases only against the Excise Act this year as compared with 37 of the previous year, but none of them was for illicit Distillation of liquor.

54. **Octroi.**—Octroi duty was collected as usual in the Municipalities of Bhāratpur and Dig, under the Sanitary Boards of Kumbher, Kaman, Bayana, Bhūsawar and Weir, through the agency of the Customs Department, which gets a commission of 6 per cent on the actual collections. The total receipts during the year under report amounted to Rs. 44,691, as against 44,535, of the previous year. The increase is due to the duty on Ghee.

55. **Salt-Petre.**—There was no change in the contract for manufacturing salt-petre in the State, which was let out for Rs. 15,000 per annum in the year 1974 for a period of 5 years. The contract money was received in full.

56. **Court of Wards.**—*Jagir Ballabgarh.*—The actual receipts and expenditure of Jagir Ballabgarh amounted to Rs. 30,150, and 21,327, respectively. The figures for the Sambat year 1976 are 33,049 and 24,667, respectively.

The ordinary income has fallen by 2,899 on account of unfavourable agricultural conditions.

The Jagir possesses Promissory Notes and War Bonds to the value of Rs. 22,000.

The Jagir remained for a considerable part of the year under report in the charge of the Miscellaneous Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jung. It was recently placed under the Revenue & Palace Member of the State Council in the month of September 1921.

57. **Sadābāt.**—This Department remained in the charge of Bakhshi Madho Singh, Sardar Raj throughout the year under report.

The Department has two branches:—

- (1) Religious.
- (2) Charitable.

(1) *Religious.*—This branch supervises the management of temples

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The Department has two branches:—

- (1) Religious.
- (2) Charitable.

(1) *Religious.*—This branch supervises the management of temples

and other religious institutions specially those which receive allowances from the State. Barniwalas are also supervised by this branch, whose duty is to pray and chant hymns for the welfare and prosperity of His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang, and the ruling family.

This branch also decides cases of nomination and succession amongst Mahants etc.

(2) *Charitable*.—This branch relates to the distribution of alms to priests, widows, orphans and the poor. It also distributes food to the helpless and poor every day at Goverdhan and Bharatpur.

*The Victoria Orphanage*.—This institution was formerly worked by a Committee but was placed under the Sadabart Department on account of mismanagement by the former body. The general tone of the institution has very much improved since its control by the Sadabart Department. The orphans are better provided and looked after.

The Budget provision for the Sadabart Department for the year under report was Rs. 1,19,033.

A Statement regarding the case work done by the Department will be found in the appendices.

58. **Toshekhana**.—The Toshekhana Department is in charge of the jewelry ornaments, dresses and other valuables of the State. Formerly the Department used to make gold and silver articles, ivory and sandal wood Chauries etc. but since the commencement of the year under report the workshop attached to the Department has been abolished.

The Zardozi, Goldsmiths and other artisans etc. have been transferred to the Karkhana Department.

Under orders from His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jung, gold and silver Jhuls, Howdas and Horse-ornaments etc. were sent to the Karkhana Department and to the K. S. O. B. Lancers.

The Department remained under the charge of Pandit Pearey Lal as Muntzim till 1st August 1921, when he was retired on pension.

Captain Bakhshi Ram Swarup Singh was appointed in his place as Officer Toshekhana but died on 30th September 1921. Since then arrangements for filling up the post are pending. The Assistant is discharging the necessary duties.

59. **Kothi Khas Department**—Major Ghamandi Singh remained in charge of the Department and Pandit Ramji Lal continued as Assistant Officer during the year under report.

The Department has the following functions:—

1. It looks after the furnishing of the Darbar Hall, State Houses and Bungalows.
2. It supervises the Camp furniture, Tents etc.

3. It looks after the Chobdars, Farrashes, Cooks, Kahars, Khidmatgars etc.
4. It arranges for the entertainment of European guests.
5. It supplies all the State Departments with furniture and other connected articles and keeps for sale and disposal the products of the Bharatpur State Jail Factory.
6. The Aerated Water Factory of the State has been transferred from the Public Works Department and has been placed under the Kothi Khas during the year under report.

60. **Kothar Department.**—The Kothar is a Supply Department and also arranges for the entertainment of Indian guests. It continued to remain under the charge of Chaubey Gopinath up till the 28th November 1920 on which date he was transferred to Muttra Vikalat and charge of the Kothar was held by undermentioned Officers:—

		From	To
Adjutant Ram Singh	...	29-11-20	27- 3-21
Captain Durag Singh	...	28- 3-21	31- 7-21
Captain Bakhshi Ram Swarup Singh		1- 8-21	30- 9-21
Pandit Dwarka Prasad	...	1-10-21	31-10-21

Up till the end of the preceding year, *i.e.*, upto October 1919, the Kothar issued grain and other provisions of daily consumption to Mahal Khas and State Stables only. Since the commencement of the year under report, free rations have been granted to all the State Forces. This work has also been entrusted to this Department.

The prices being high and fluctuating, purchases were not made in bulk, but the provisions continued to be supplied by a local contractor on Bazar rates.

During the year under report the total expenditure amounted to Rs. 4,54,930 and the figures of receipts were Rs. 11 573.

61. **Gaokhana.**—Chaudhri Bakhtawar Singh continued to hold charge of the Gaokhana during the year under report. The Department looks after State cattle, milch cows, buffaloes, raths and carts.

The State Dairy is also managed by it.

62. **Vikalats** —The State maintains four Vikalats at Abu, Jaipur, Agra and Muttra. Pandit Fateh Singh continued to represent the Bharatpur Darbar at the court of Vakils at Mount Abu, which is presided over by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana, and Chaubey Bansidhar as the State Wakil at the Panchayat Court at Jaipur. Pandit Janki Ballabh continued to be the State Wakil at Agra. Munshi Babu Prasad was State Wakil at Muttra upto November 1920, when he was transferred to the post of Additional Magistrate, Bharatpur, and was succeeded by Chaubey Gopi Nath, Kothar Officer. The Vakils at Agra and Muttra look after the State property at these two places. In Agra the State possesses besides residential Kothis known as the Hariparbat, the old

Kandhari and the new Kandhari, 250 bighas of land, of which the annual rental is 1,400. The Ex-Maharaja Sahib of Bharatpur has come from Deoli and is now residing in the Kandhari Kothi at Agra, since June 1921.

The total income of the Vikalat Agra during the year under report amounted to Rs. 2,519-14-0 and the total expenditure to Rs. 4,103-2-10.

The State holds Zemindari rights in some villages in Muttra and Goverdhan, including Panigaon. The total income of the Vikalat at Muttra during the year under report amounted to Rs. 15,028-8-9 and the total expenditure to Rs. 14,797-1-11.

**63. State Band.**—The State Band continued to be under the expert guidance and control of Mr. W.A. Gaitely, State Band Master. It maintains the same high pitch of reputation as it has so creditably earned in and outside the State.

The State Band consists of one State Band Master, one Assistant Band Master, four Sergeants, 4 Corporals, 8 Lance Corporals, 34 Bandsmen, 16 Recruits, 10 Young hands, 1 Clerk, 1 Mistri, and 8 Followers.

The String Band, Cavalry Band, Ghudchada Bagpipe Band and K.S.O. Brijendra Lancers Heralds and Trumpeters also continued to work under the guidance of the State Band Master. The String Band has made a considerable progress and is highly appreciated by all guests, visitors etc. The String Band is also allowed to play at private engagements. This has been done with a view to afford more relief to the Bandsmen in these days of general rise in prices.

During the year under report three Bandsmen were retired on pension, one was dismissed and one died.

The total earnings of the State Band by private engagements, during the year under report, amounted to Rs. 2,327 as against Rs. 5,933 of the preceding year. The total expenditure was Rs. 22,276 as against Rs. 15,772 of the preceding year.

The State Band maintains a Band Fund which is meant for the occasional support of the widows and orphans of the Band employes. A certain number of young hands and followers is also paid out of the Band Fund.

**64. Ganga Mandir and Jama Masjid.**—These two religious buildings are being constructed from the contribution made by the State employes and the generous help given by the State in the shape of supplying stone at cost price i.e., free of supervision and profit charges.

The Jama Masjid has nearly been completed.

The Ganga Mandir being of elaborate and artistic carving is progressing very slowly and requires a good deal of time and money to bring it to completion.

**65. Shikargah.**—Colonel Dhau Bakhshi Girdhar Singh, Military Member, State Council, Bharatpur, continued to be in charge of the department.

During the year under report 12 shoots were arranged in all, viz., 2 Duck shoots, 3 Tiger shoots, 3 Panther shoots and 4 pig shoots. Pig sticking was arranged 7 times.

The number of animals and birds at the commencement of the year was 465, while it was 819 at the close of the year.

The total expenditure during the year under report amounted to Rs. 18,232 against Rs. 11,927 of the preceding year. The total receipts of the year were Rs. 8,937 against Rs. 5,473 of the preceding year. The excess in expenditure is due to high prices and dear labour and to increase in the number of animals and birds. The large increase in the figures of receipts is due to better arrangements made for sale of the various kinds of produce in the Ghana and to better realization of grazing fees.

**66. Hitkarni Sabha.**—The Executive Committee of the Sabha consisted as last year of 3 Members with a Secretary Pandit Lalita Prasad who has a good knowledge of Sanskrit and is a lecturer.

The Sabha's functions were controlled by Rao Bahadur Dhau Bakhshi Raghubir Singh, Revenue and Palace Member of the Bharatpur State Council. He worked as President of the Sabha throughout the year under report.

There were 69 marriages and 94 obsequies among the Rajput Thakurs as against 127 and 110 of the last year. These were performed according to the regulations of the Sabha excepting in the case of former where in 5 marriages and in the case of the latter where in one obsequy, there was a breach of the Sabha's rules for which due enquiries were instituted.

A local Meeting of the Rajput Thakurs was held in the Council Hall during the year under report. It was attended by the Members of the Executive Committee and the Tehsildars of various Tehsils. The chair was held by Rao Bahadur Dhau Bakhshi Raghubir Singh, Revenue and Palace Member of Council. All important matters pending decision were excellently disposed of.

The Hitkarni Sabha formed Committees of Barber, Jats, Agrawals and Dhimars in the various Tehsils and in the Bharatpur City started Committees of Dhakar Jadon Malis and Rajkumars who generally call themselves as Kumawat Rajputs.

An attempt is further being made to impress on other castes also, the usefulness of starting Sabhas for themselves and thus guiding their social functions according to rules.

The Sabha has successfully worked in its various ideals and it is a proof of its being a useful and popular institution that the various castes assist the Sabha and co-operate with it in its functions.

The Local Hitkarni Sabha in all important matters places before it the Regulations of the Central Sabha for the sake of guidance.

His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang, has also extended his full sympathy and assistance in all matters concerning the thorough working of the Sabha.



**67. Census Operations.**—The preliminary enumeration was commenced in the month of January and was completed on the 15th February 1921.

For the purposes of the Final Census Enumeration the following divisions for purposes of Census Operations were made in the State:—

- (1) 12 Charges—Each under the charge of a Charge Superintendent.  
The Tehsildars performed this work.
- (2) 283 Circles—In the various charges each circle being under the charge of a Supervisor.
- (3) 3320 Enumeration Blocks—In the various circles each block being under the charge of an enumerator.

On an average each block contained nearly 35 houses, each circle 417 and each charge 9851.

Thus through an easy and progressive method of Centralization, the work of enumeration was made very easy and capable of being accomplished accurately.

The Final Census was taken on the night of the 18th March 1921, the same night on which Census was taken throughout British India. The enumeration was done from 7 P.M. till 12 P.M.

The 1st Provisional total was received at 3-30 A.M. on the same night and totals from all charges were received by 9-12 A.M. next day, when telegraphic intimation was given to the Superintendent Census Operations Rajputana and Ajmer-Merwara, from whom an intimation was received that Bharatpur was 1st in Rajputana States in sending its Census Totals:

A table appended at the end will show the population etc. of the last 4 Censuses, variations etc.

The charges of Pahari and Rupbas stood 1st and 2nd respectively in the matter of sending accurate totals and were awarded certificates accordingly.

The Provisional totals were correct in a great measure and needed but few rectifications. The Census of the Military Units was taken under special arrangements made before-hand by the Military Member and no difficulties were experienced.

A total of 4,96,437 souls was recorded at this Census. The population by religion is as under:—

Hindus	...	...	...	3,98,652
Aryas	...	...	...	264
Jains	...	...	...	2,516
Sikhs	...	...	...	75
Parsi	...	...	...	12
Muhammadans	...	...	...	94,124
Christians	...	...	...	794

The Bharatpur City recorded 33,495 souls. This figure shows a decrease of 423 souls when compared with the Census of 1911 and of 10,106 souls when compared with 1901.

The following results arrived at by the recent Census will also appear interesting:—

(1) In the City of Bharatpur there have been recorded 738 females against every 1,000 males and in the mufasil 810 females against 1,000.

(2) Average Birth-rate for the last 10 years is 27·0 per thousand and death rate is 31·5.

(3) Total births and deaths for the last 10 years are as below:—

Births 1,49,313.

Deaths 1,76,410.

Increase in death-rate is due to certain epidemics during the decade. During the Influenza epidemic in 1918, 1,46,219, deaths were recorded.

(4) In every 1,000, 38 souls have been recorded as literate and 2 as literate in English.

(5) From 1901-1920, 2,598 persons were converted into Christianity and 155 into Arya Samajists.

*Slip Copying Stage:*—Was commenced in the month of April 1921, at the head Census Office through Patwaris and including wastage 5,03,500, slips were used.

After Slip-copying the work of sorting on Wage system was undertaken and was finished by the 13th August 1921. Compilation was carried on side by side with it and was finished by 29th October 1921. Nearly all the Tables had been sent to the Head Census Office.

Out of a budget provisions of Rs 11,084 a sum of Rs. 7,807-14-6, was spent during the year under report.

The Local Census Superintendent toured in the various Tehsils of the State and inspected 250 villages.

The Provincial Census Superintendent in his various inspections has expressed satisfaction with the State Census Work.

His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jung, has helped the Census functions greatly.

**68. Diwanan Daftar.**—The Department continued to remain under the charge of Chaubey Hari Shanker B. A., Accountant General. The Department keeps in custody important documentary papers of the State and disposes of references concerning such matters.

The important record is being properly arranged with extra staff under the direct supervision of the Accountant General.

**69. Palace.**—The Sambat Year opened with a crowning rejoicing when on the 23rd December 1920, the 2nd Maharaj Kumar Sahib was born

to His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang. On account of the Christmas week the Festivities were doubled and rejoicings were held in various ways by conducting Mahafils, sports, feasts, etc., in which a great number of Indian and European guests took part.

His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor conferred the Hony. Rank of Major and later on that of Lt. Col. on His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur, Bahadur Jang.

The health of the members of the Ruling family was good.

The Department remained under the control of Rao Bahadur Dhau Bakhshi Raghbir Singh, Revenue and Palace Member of the Bharatpur State Council.

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## APPENDICES.

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# APPENDIX I.

*Names of High officials in the Bharatpur State showing the changes in the personnels during the Sambat year 1977  
(1st November 1920 to 31st October 1921.)*

Serial No.	Name of Officers.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
			From	To	
1	Rao Bahadur Shri Dhau Bakshi Raghubir Singh Sahib	Revenue & Palace Member State Council	1-11-20	31-10-21	
2	Devan Bahadur Munshi Raushan Lal	Jud. & Finel. Member & Secy. to Council	1-11-20	31-10-21	
3	Lt.-Col. Dhau Bakshi Girdhar Singh	{ Military Secretary to His Highness { Mily. Member & I.G. of Army & Police	1-11-20 1-6-21	31-5-21 31-10-21	
4	Major Balbir Singh	Military Secrety to His Highness ...	1-6-21	31-10-21	
5	Major Kaurwar Ghamandi Singh	Private Secretary to His Highness ...	1-11-20	31-10-21	
6	Babu Sheo Lal B. A.	District and Sessions Judge ...	1-11-20	31-10-21	
7	Pandit Hari Shanker Davey	Deputy Collector, Bharatpur	1-11-20	31-10-21	
8	B. Hari Chand	" " Dig	1-11-20	31-10-21	
9	Ch. Hari Shanker B.A.	Accountant General	1-11-20	31-10-21	
10	Pandit Maya Shanker B.A.	Superintendent Customs & Excise	1-11-20	31-10-21	
11	Rai Sahib Babu Baldeo Prasad	Nazim & District Magistrate Dig	1-11-20	31-10-21	
12	M. Raghunath Sahni	" " Bharatpur ...	1-11-20	31-10-21	
13	S.B. Major Narain Singh	{ Executive Engineer P. W. D. { & Secy. to H.H.	1-11-20 31-8-21	30-8-21 31-10-21	
14	Resaldar Tek Chand, Bahadur, I.D.S.M	I/C. Commandant B. T. C.	1-6-21	31-10-21	
15	Major Nur Muhammad	Commandant State Artillery	1-11-20	31-5-21	
16	Colonel Jugal Singh	Comunandant State Cavalry	1-11-20	31-10-21	
17	Major Ghamandi Singh	Commandant I. S. Infantry	1-11-20	31-10-21	
18	Lt. Col. Ganesh Lal. S. B, I. O. M.		1-11-20	31-10-21	

*List of Laws in force in the Bharatpur State.*

*List of Laws in force in the Bharatpur State.*

# APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the strength, cost and particulars of the Military Forces in the Bharatpur State  
for the year ending 31st October 1921.

Arms of Service.	Number of Fighting Officers and men						Details of Forces at the end of the year.						Remarks.			
	On 1st November 1920.		Recruited during the year.		Casualties.		Number of Regiment.	Number of Guns.	Number of Men.					Total Cost on account of pay and allowance for the year ending 31st October 1920.	14	15
	2	3	4	5	6	7			8	9	10	11				
1																
RAJ TROOPS.																
Cavalry Ram Risala	443	174	7	16	116	478	...	...	...	21	73	384	1,81,209	0	0	
Artillery Topkhana	131	5	5	1	3	127	...	...	...	6	24	97	9,511	9	3	
Infantry.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	380	184	6	5	145	408	...	...	...	12	37	359	72,511	15	9	
	349	155	1	122	91	290	...	...	...	11	41	238	35,448	13	11	
	373	241	21	1	354	238	...	...	...	5	17	216	29,688	8	0	
	...	52	...	...	2	50	...	...	...	3	8	39	3,095	2	6	
Kusum Armoured Corps	151	12	3	27	52	81	...	...	...	5	23	53	8,658	6	3	
Choharja	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	1,827	823	43	172	763	1,672	...	...	...	63	223	1,386	3,39,531	7	8	
I. S. TROOPS.																
Transport Corps	310	108	5	2	53	358	...	...	...	4	35	319	38,476	14	5	
1st Muttoo Infantry	390	541	8	4	159	760	...	...	...	16	112	632	1,30,508	0	0	
Total	700	649	13	6	212	1,118	...	...	...	20	147	951	1,68,984	14	5	
GRAND TOTAL	2,527	1,472	56	178	975	2,790	...	...	...	83	370	2,337	5,08,516	6	1	
Since 1st July 1921 the I. S. Troops amalgamated into Raj Troops.																

Since 13th June 1921 the Forces have been reorganized.

(Since 1st July 1921 the I. S. Troops amalgamated into Raj Troops.

# APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline and Education of the Police for the year ending 31st October 1921.

Description.	Number.	Pay of grade.	Cost per month.	Actual cost.	Punishment.			Reward No.		Education.		Remarks.
					Dismissed Depart-mentally.	Fined, degraded, suspended Depart-mentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under ins-truction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Superintendent	1	250 0 0	250 0 0	2,178 2 9								
Deputy Superintendent	1	200 0 0	200 0 0	591 9 6								
Inspectors 2nd grade	2	125 0 0	250 0 0	4,550 0 0	69	218	20	..	45	68	98	
Inspectors 3rd "	2	100 0 0	200 0 0									
Sub-Inspectors 1st "	3	80 0 0	240 0 0									
Sub-Inspectors 2nd "	3	70 0 0	210 0 0									
Sub-Inspectors 3rd "	4	60 0 0	240 0 0	15,173 8 9								
Sub-Inspectors 4th "	10	50 0 0	500 0 0									
Head Constables 1st "	8	30 0 0	240 0 0									
" 2nd "	9	25 0 0	225 0 0	17,234 2 9								
" 3rd "	14	20 0 0	280 0 0									
" 4th "	16	17 0 0	272 0 0									
" 5th "	33	12 0 0	396 0 0									
Lance Head Constables	18	11 0 0	198 0 0									
Constables 1st grade	250	11 0 0	2,750 0 0	62,287 14 9								
Constables 2nd "	250	10 0 0	2,500 0 0									
Kanjur Lambardars	7	9 0 0	63 0 0									
Daffadar	1	34 0 0	34 0 0									
Lance Dafedar	1	27 0 0	27 0 0	4,191 13 0								
Sowars 1st grade	7	25 8 0	178 8 0									
" 2nd "	8	24 8 0	196 0 0									
Town Janadars	1	9 0 0	9 0 0									
" "	7	8 0 0	56 0 0									
" Chautidars	20	7 0 0	140 0 0									
" "	50	6 0 0	300 0 0	6,695 9 0								
" "	10	5 0 0	50 0 0									
" "	5	4 0 0	20 0 0									
" "	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	5,904 1 3								
Employees transferred from other Departments	..	.....	.....	1,18,8 6 13 9	..	.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	.....	.....	1,18,8 6 13 9	..	.....	..	..	..	..	..	..



## APPENDIX V.

*Statement showing the working of the Police in the Bharatpur State for the year ending 31st October 1921.*

STATE.	Number of Offences.		Number of Accused arrested.		Number of Accused sent for trial.		Number of Accused convicted.		Number of Accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of Conviction (columns 4 and 5).		Percentage of convicted accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
...	1,206	1,312	89	1,003	809	1,003	560	761	127	147	69.2	75.8	69.2	75.8	
Bharatpur	2	3													

## APPENDIX VI.

*Statement of stolen and recovered property of Bharatpur State for the year ending 31st October 1921.*

STATE.	Stolen property.		Recovered property.		Percentage of recovered to stolen property.		Remarks
	Past year	Present year.	Past year	Present year.	Past year	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bharatpur	1,71,839-14-3	1,27,781-5-0	81,795-5-0	27,296-7-9	47.5	21.2	



*Statement Showing the number of Crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Bharatpur State for the year ending the 31st October 1921.*

[illegible]

[illegible]

# APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the number of Offences reported and dealt with by the Various Courts in the Bharatpur State during the year ending 31st October 1921.

Name of Court.	Number of Offences reported during the year.		Number of Persons dealt with.										Persons disposed of.					Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Remaining on 31st October 1920.	Brought to trial during the year.					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining on 31st October 1921.		
				Arrested by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Sessions Judge	38	45	3	139	...	...	...	...	75	142	...	26	95	10	...	11		
Nizamut Bharatpur	215	193	34	240	155	12	2	1	497	444	110	47	133	73	35	46		
Dig "	151	139	...	219	43	119	2	3	432	386	121	26	140	35	42	22		
Tehsil Bharatpur	282	310	158	14	11	791	...	...	761	974	210	507	206	...	10	41		
" Biana	392	328	103	36	15	833	...	7	1,023	994	159	506	246	...	44	39		
" Nadbai	155	238	12	22	29	671	...	...	550	734	166	324	171	...	17	56		
" Weir	339	442	61	79	39	1,103	4	...	1,231	1,286	362	563	241	32	14	74		
" Rupbas	357	407	91	46	2	1,063	...	...	965	1,202	174	560	319	...	53	96		
" Dig "	208	303	108	30	32	671	29	...	554	870	172	449	128	...	42	79		
" Kaman	218	263	83	19	3	477	...	...	572	584	96	284	...	20	151	33		
" Pahari	151	156	9	92	31	243	...	...	360	375	17	219	92	7	8	32		
" Nagar	273	258	86	35	...	479	...	...	538	600	92	251	160	19	36	42		
" Kumer	145	235	58	26	...	701	...	...	474	785	110	519	86	...	70	...		
Additional Magistracy	...	99	...	86	27	95	...	...	...	208	32	48	63	21	3	41		
Honorary Magistracy	218	320	20	21	48	286	...	...	462	375	58	168	91	20	14	24		
Total	3,052	3,736	828	1,104	435	7,544	37	11	8,494	9,959	1,879	4,497	2,171	237	539	636		

# APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the Result of Appeals against decisions passed by Criminal Courts in the Bharatpur State during the year ending the 31st October 1921, Sambat year 1977.

Tribunals.	NUMBER OF PERSONS AND CASES.																Remarks.		
	Number of applications.		Applications rejected.		Sentences.				Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry &c. ordered.		Pending.				
					Confirmed.		Modified.											Reversed.	
					Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.										Persons.	Cases.
State Council ...	218	50	50	70	53	3	3	12	9	...	...	...	1	1	102	102			
Judge's Court ...	161	139	35	102	64	33	21	10	9	2	29	10	8	28	29	12			
Nizamat Dharatpur ...	195	198	42	92	65	14	8	120	67	...	...	...	13	8	20	5			
" Dig ...	89	3	3	82	49	21	11	27	21	...	...	...	2	2	6	3			
Additional Magistracy ...	20	24	...	15	15	1	1	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Total ...	683	414	130	361	246	72	44	173	110	3	2	49	10	44	19	167	122		

# APPENDIX X (a).

Civil Work (Revenue)—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of during the year ending the 31st October 1921

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer, or on recommendation.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during the present year.										Suits disposed of during the present year.					Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	No. of Suits under Rs 100.	No. of Suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of Suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of Suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	No. of Suits above Rs. 5,000.	Ex parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
1	43	26	69	49	112	72	89	49	23	23	3,495-8-3	48	1	...	43	6	...	...	...	...	...	2	17	30	2,288-5-9	155
Cirelo Bharatpur	25	14	21	10	40	24	32	17	14	7	339-0-0	19	0	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	4	7	1	5	309-0-0	270
" Dig	7	13	53	56	60	69	47	65	13	4	1,778-8-0	19	35	2	51	2	...	...	...	...	4	16	19	26	2,181-0-0	81
Tehsil Bharatpur	...	...	42	23	42	36	29	33	13	3	1,547-13-3	5	18	...	20	3	...	...	...	...	2	2	11	18	1,346-5-3	117
" Bayana	7	4	20	16	27	20	23	19	4	1	327-2-6	2	14	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	3	9	3	4	507-9-6	74
" Rupbas	...	...	22	38	30	38	33	32	...	6	1,637-9-6	14	16	8	35	3	...	...	...	...	1	2	9	20	1,391-8-6	45
" Weir	7	3	10	19	17	22	14	18	3	4	749-1-6	11	8	...	16	3	...	...	...	...	3	12	11	7	499-0-0	58
" Nadbai	4	1	11	32	15	33	14	33	1	...	471-0-0	1	31	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	3	12	11	7	499-0-0	58
" Dig	1	...	11	13	12	13	12	13	...	...	236-0-0	1	12	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	9	236-0-0	27
" Kanan	4	...	4	9	8	9	8	9	...	...	305-0-0	2	7	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	2	...	345-0-0	56
" Pahari	...	...	10	7	10	7	10	7	...	...	272-0-0	3	4	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	1	2	272-0-0	27
" Nagar	...	...	24	28	32	30	30	30	2	...	750-0-0	3	25	...	28	...	...	...	...	3	1	10	10	803-0-0	62	
" Kumer	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	114	73	297	300	406	373	388	325	73	48	11,908-11-0	119	171	10	279	21	...	...	...	...	22	66	99	138	10,827-2-9	86

# APPENDIX X. (b).

*Civil Work (Judicial)—Number and value of Original suits filed and disposed of during the year ending the 31st October 1921.*

Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed during the present year.										Suits disposed of during the present year					Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Judge's Court ...	27	14	72	69	85	88	85	69	11	13	62,290	...	60	9	...	...	52	17	...	8	13	8	46	63,465	70	
Nizamut Bharatpur.	64	18	372	287	418	305	418	291	18	14	63,247	...	273	14	...	287	...	...	...	42	128	52	69	65,418	66	
" Dig ...	18	30	281	504	269	334	269	307	30	27	67,119	...	295	9	...	304	...	...	...	19	155	21	112	53,900	96	
Additional Magistracy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	93	85	112	2,856	113	
Bharatpur ...	11	89	382	143	314	232	314	225	89	9	7,607	...	140	5	143	...	...	...	...	26	174	37	37	9,815	121	
Tehsil Bharatpur ...	15	41	250	255	224	296	224	274	41	22	10,905	...	217	8	255	...	...	...	...	13	100	71	23	3,464	145	
" Bayana ...	16	6	117	181	127	187	127	197	6	20	7,417	...	153	28	181	...	...	...	...	51	168	73	23	11,567	126	
" Rupbas ...	53	5	275	319	321	324	321	321	5	8	11,625	...	304	15	319	...	...	...	...	15	54	33	44	4,620	420	
" Nadbai ...	14	8	71	123	77	131	77	126	8	5	5,728	...	119	4	123	...	...	...	...	6	110	64	26	1,404	265	
" Dig ...	30	50	185	201	165	251	165	236	50	15	8,626	...	193	8	21	...	...	...	...	14	131	40	42	11,636	60	
" Kaman ...	14	11	269	254	272	267	272	247	11	18	11,997	...	245	9	254	...	...	...	...	12	81	24	20	7,634	60	
" Pabari ...	2	6	137	17	133	147	133	17	6	6	7,364	...	130	7	17	...	...	...	...	8	82	26	11	8,420	86.12	
" Nagar ...	6	67	311	160	250	227	250	207	67	20	5,957	...	152	8	160	...	...	...	...	8	263	75	65	5,406	68.12	
" Kumbhar ...	79	77	295	31	304	401	304	401	77	...	16,121	...	331	...	3.1	...	...	...	...	8	263	75	65	5,406	68.12	
Total	349	415	3,017	3,133	2,951	3,548	2,951	3,351	415	197	3,18,223	...	2,974	159	2,350	674	52	17	...	327	1592	645	789	2,76,320		



# APPENDIX XI. (a)

Civil Work. (Revenue) Results of applications for Execution of Decrees for the year ending the 31st October 1921.

Tribunal.	Opening balance			Applications brought to register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal on 31st October 1921.			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.		
Circle Bharatpur	30	13	7,461-5-9	31	25	3,626-6-0	61	38	11,087-12-0	48	23	4,575-12-9	13	15	6,511-15-3	8	3	4	
" Dig ...	1	1	21-0-0	9	3	78-0-0	10	4	99-0-0	9	4	99-0-0	1	..	..	..	..	..	
Tehsil Bharatpur	3	1	60-2-0	5	11	351-11-6	8	12	411-14-6	7	12	411-14-6	1	..	..	..	..	..	
" Bayana	..	2	171-3-6	20	15	672-8-0	20	17	843-11-6	18	13	603-0-6	2	4	240-11-0	3	1	..	
" Rupbas	..	..	..	4	5	342-9-3	4	5	342-9-3	4	5	342-9-3	..	..	..	..	..	..	
" Weir ...	..	..	..	4	14	409-1-0	4	14	409-1-0	4	13	389-3-6	..	1	19-13-6	..	..	..	
" Nadbai	3	..	32-0-0	2	6	148-15-6	5	6	180-15-6	8	6	180-15-6	1	..	..	..	..	..	
" Dig ...	7	4	32-0-0	10	4	62-0-0	17	8	94-0-0	13	8	94-0-0	4	..	..	..	..	..	
" Kaman	..	..	..	7	..	..	7	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
" Pahari	..	..	..	..	2	26-0-0	1	2	26-0-0	1	2	26-0-0	..	..	..	..	..	..	
" Nagar	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
" Kumber	3	1	58-0-0	7	8	352-0-0	10	9	410-0-0	9	9	410-0-0	1	..	..	..	..	..	
Total	48	22	7,835-11-3	100	93	6,069-3-3	148	115	13,904-15-9	129	95	7,132-8-0	23	20	6,772-7-9	12	4	4	

# APPENDIX XI. (b)

Civil work (Judicial)—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees, for the year ending the 31st October 1921.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.			Applications brought to register.			Total			Disposed of			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending on 31st October 1921.			Remarks.
	Value for present year.		Past year.	Value for present year.		Past year.	Value for present year.		Past year.	Value for present year.		Past year.	Value for present year.		Past year.	Value for present year.		Past year.	
	2	3		4	5		6	7		8	9		10	11		12	13		
1																			20
Judge's Court ...	33	29	31,057	58	52	41,362	91	81	72,419	62	28	32,745	29	43	39,674	12	13	18	...
Nizamut Bharatpur	41	62	14,648	344	228	5,859	390	290	61,517	28	264	54,045	62	26	6,961	18	8	2	...
" Dig	38	53	10,053	244	163	32,86	282	216	42,439	229	2,1	39,202	53	15	3,237	3	2	10	...
Additional Magistrate	...	...	...	...	36	30,425	...	336	80,425	...	304	24,08	...	32	6,117	21	11	...	...
Tehsil Bharatpur	11	75	3,261	285	42	2,797	294	117	6,56	219	114	5,512	75	3	528	3	...	...	...
" Nadwaj	5	5	244	24	39	2,230	33	44	2,474	28	4	2,012	5	1	484	...	...	...	...
" Bayana	13	23	1,006	109	107	6,174	122	130	7,48	99	14	5,361	23	16	1,020	6	...	10	...
" Weir	55	13	3,047	161	134	5,483	216	147	8,555	263	138	5,803	13	9	2,732	4	4	1	...
" Rupbas	12	11	572	32	42	2,318	44	53	2,890	33	48	2,279	11	10	712	3	7	...	...
" Dig	45	45	2,372	146	113	5,265	191	158	7,637	146	154	7,417	45	4	220	...	3	5	...
" Kaman	15	29	1,778	222	114	6,948	27	143	8,726	208	150	7,777	29	13	949	2	6	...	...
" Palwari	...	2	76	52	22	1,292	52	24	1,68	50	24	1,368	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
" Nagar	4	25	1,149	99	37	1,511	94	62	2,960	69	55	2,549	25	7	411	...	6	1	...
" Kumber	47	53	2,840	203	148	6,545	250	206	9,385	192	216	1,356	58	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	319	430	68,113	1,977	1,577	1,96,200	2,226	2,907	2,64,503	1,866	11,828	2,01,464	430	179	63,045	72	61	48	...

# APPENDIX XII.

*Civil Work.—Number and Result of Appeals in Civil Suits, for the year ending the 31st October 1921.*

Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing Balance.		Value of Appeals Filed during.		How disposed of.								Average duration.		Remarks.		
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Decisions Confirmed.		Decisions Reversed.		Decisions Amended.		Cases Returned for retrial.		Cases compromised or otherwise disposed of.			Past year.	Present year.
													Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Council (Judicial Branch)	39	43	41	111	83	157	46	67	43	90	28,017	48,258	25	37	4	3	7	6	..	..	4	21	192	61	
Council (Revenue Branch.)	13	13	17	28	30	41	17	28	13	13	1,296	1,718	13	24	4	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	93	109	
Judges Court	20	10	65	103	85	113	75	95	10	18	10,557	15,366	42	62	16	12	7	12	3	2	7	7	57	53	
Nizamut Bharatpur	10	..	34	80	44	80	44	79	..	1	1,177	2,759	22	32	7	17	3	2	9	8	3	20	103	105	
Nizamut Dig	19	5	26	70	45	75	40	70	5	5	1,193	3,157	19	41	4	12	7	6	4	9	6	2	132 75	101 3	
Circle Bharatpur	9	3	16	26	25	23	22	16	3	7	504	1,801	4	7	7	6	5	1	1	..	4	2	81	74	
Circle Dig	10	2	6	13	16	15	11	10	8	5	456	366	6	4	3	4	2	2	2	..	1	..	305	81	
Total. ...	120	76	208	428	328	504	252	365	82	139	43,209	73,463	131	207	45	57	31	29	19	20	25	52	961 75	584 3	

### APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jail at Bharatpur during the year ending 31st October 1921.

Station.	Number of Prisoners.	Number of Prisoners.					Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of Accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		Past year.	Present year.					
				Past year.	Present year.							
Bharatpur ...	1	361	634	915	995	281 38	348 48	360	* Rs. 16,639	348 48	19 against 23 last year.	

# APPENDIX XIV.

Registration of Documents in the Bharatpur State during the year ending the 31st October 1921.

	Nature of Documents presented.													Documents Registered.		Value of Documents Registered.		Documents of which registration has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry on 31st October 1921.		Remarks.
	Documents presented for Registration.		Mortgages.		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.											
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
Nizamut Bharatpur...	481	508	220	240	122	178	8	10	1	2	80	78	391	434	1,43,500	1,40,870	33	51	7	23		
" Dig	293	332	148	165	91	109	4	5	...	...	50	53	280	327	1,04,750	1,23,090	12	5	1	..		
Total	724	840	368	405	213	287	12	15	1	2	130	131	671	761	2,48,250	2,63,960	45	56	8	23		

# APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration during the year ending the 31st October 1921.

Description.	Past year.			Present year.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Nizamath Bharatpur ...	391	1,43,500	1,522	462	1,75,895	1,891	
Nizamath Dig ...	288	1,06,032	1,108	336	1,23,891	1,289	
Total ...	679	2,49,532	2,630	798	2,99,786	3,180	

# APPENDIX XVI.

*Receipt and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Bharatpur State during Sambat year 1977 (1st November 1920 to 31st October 1921).*

Name of Municipalities.	Expenditure.		Receipts.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Bharatpur ...	21,765	23,404	38,393	41,137	
Dig ...	9,016	8,337	8,689	8,353	
Kaman ...	2,912	2,837	2,680	2,325	
Kumber ...	1,773	1,934	1,444	1,398	
Biana ...	1,705	1,740	2,105	2,105	
Weir ...	2,026	2,229	1,078	1,320	
Bhusawar ...	1,955	1,697	1,665	2,265	
Total ...	41,152	42,178	56,054	58,903	

# APPENDIX XVII.

Statement Showing the Rainfall in the Bharatpur State from 1st November 1920 to 31st October 1921.

Serial No.	Rain-gauge Stations.	1920.												1921.				Total	Total of past year.	Average of past five years.	Remarks.
		November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	13	14	15	16				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18				
1	Bharatpur	...	...	2.20	...	...	.03	...	2.15	2.23	6.08	10.77	0.08	23.59	19.11						
2	Dig	...	...	1.93	...	...	...	...	2.29	6.33	7.39	5.68	...	23.62	19.56						
3	Kunher	...	...	2.21	...	...	...	...	1.53	4.29	6.91	8.03	...	22.97	16.0						
4	Nagar	...	...	1.30	...	...	...	...	1.53	6.12	5.75	5.28	...	19.98	16.23						
5	Kaman	...	...	1.75	...	...	.10	...	1.35	5.30	9.39	4.25	...	22.14	18.69						
6	Pahari	...	...	1.15	...	...	.19	...	1.23	3.64	7.68	4.43	...	18.23	22.19						
7	Nadbai	...	...	2.90	...	...	...	...	1.37	6.10	4.87	7.32	0.20	22.76	20.83						
8	Biana	...	...	2.23	...	...	...	...	0.60	4.16	6.57	8.03	...	21.59	24.15						
9	Weir	...	...	2.55	...	...	...	...	1.58	7.80	8.77	11.74	0.08	32.52	14.69						
10	Ropbas	...	...	1.66	...	...	...	...	0.81	5.13	3.63	14.70	...	25.93	25.38						
	Total	...	...	19.88	...	...	0.37	...	14.44	51.10	67.04	80.23	0.36	233.33	196.83						



# APPENDIX XVIII

Statement as to prices of Staple Food Grains for the year ending the 31st October 1921.

Articles.	During June 1920.			During June 1921.			During October 1920.			During October 1921.			Remarks.	
	Mds.	Srs.	Ch.	Mds.	Srs.	Ch.	Mds.	Srs.	Ch.	Mds.	Srs.	Ch.		
Wheat per rupee	...	10	4	...	8	12	...	8	12	...	...	4	8	
Gram "	...	16	...	...	13	8	...	12	8	...	...	6	...	
Barley "	...	15	8	...	13	8	...	13	8	...	...	6	8	
Bajra "	...	14	12	...	11	8	...	11	8	...	...	6	8	
Juar "	...	12	...	...	13	...	...	13	...	...	...	6	12	
Macca "	...	8	...	...	7	12	...	7	12	...	...	7	12	
Rice "	...	2	10	...	2	8	...	2	8	...	...	2	8	
Dal "	...	5	0	...	5	8	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	

# APPENDIX XIX.

*Expenditure of Public Works Department during the year ending 31st October 1921.*

Description of Works.	State Funds.			Local Funds and Contributinal.			Total.	Remarks.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
1. Irrigation	...	35,691	35,691	...	...	...	35,691	
2. Military	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Civil works	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Communication	19,000	87,168	1,06,168	...	...	...	1,06,168	
5. Public Improvement.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6. Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7. Tools and plant	...	34	34	...	...	...	34	
8. P.W.D. Establishment.	37,319	...	37,319	...	...	...	37,319	
9. Contribution	...	...	...	...	1,246	1,246	1,246	
Total	56,319	1,22,893	1,79,212	...	1,246	1,246	1,80,458	

**Appendix XX.**  
*Agricultural stock in the Bharatpur State during the year ending 31st October 1921.*

Districts.	Oxen.				Buffaloes.			Goats.	Horses and ponies.			Mules.	Donkeys.	Camels.	Ploughs.	Carts.	Remarks.
	Bulls.	Bullocks.	Cows.	Young stock.	Male Buffaloes.	Cow Buffaloes.	Young Stock.		Horses.	Mares.	Young-Stock.						
Bharatpur ...	428	51,358	70,998	49,951	8,876	37,432	26,516	19,776	1,165	1,668	188	7	7,657	1,001	28,397	2,725	
Dig ...	288	34,369	52,059	32,408	7,677	21,666	18,137	18,786	856	1,107	892	19	5,211	327	22,393	3,023	
Total ...	716	85,727	1,23,057	82,359	16,553	59,098	44,653	38,562	2,001	2,775	1,080	26	12,868	1,328	50,790	5,748	
Total past year ...	658	88,619	1,10,233	79,504	31,098	48,373	43,883	36,761	2,165	2,534	915	21	12,439	1,156	51,358	6,619	
Increase ...	58	...	12,824	2,855	...	10,725	770	1,801	...	241	165	5	429	202	...	...	
Decrease ...	...	2,892	...	...	14,545	...	...	...	164	...	...	...	...	...	568	871	

**APPENDIX XXI.**

*Statement showing the number of the Excise and Drugs shops in Bharatpur State for Sambat year 1977.*

Name.	Country and Foreign Liquor.			Opium and hump Drugs.			Total.		Remarks.
	Number of Shops.	Amount of Income.		Number of Shops.	Amount of Income.		Number of Shops.	Amount of Income.	
1	2	3		4	5		6	7	8
Bharatpur. ...	37	Rs. 43,475-7-3		24	Rs. 33,277-11-0		61	Rs. 76,753-2-3	
Total of past year. ...	37	41,445-2-3		24	25,552-5-9		61	66,997 8-0	
Increase. ...	...	2,030-5-0		...	7,725-5-3		...	9,755-10-3	
Decrease. ...	...	...		...	...		...	...	



# APPENDIX XXII.

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of the Bharatpur State from 1st November 1920 to 31st October 1921 for the Sambat 1977.

RECEIPTS.					EXPENDITURE.					Remarks.
Name of Heads.	Budget allotment.		Actuals.		Name of Heads.	Budget allotment.		Actuals.		
	Current year.	Previous year.	Current year.	Previous year.		Current year.	Previous year.	Current year.	Previous year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A.—NORMAL.										
I.—Revenue	12,98,817	21,32,971	17,20,692	21,95,200	I.—Expenses of His Highness	1,15,464	94,276	1,68,324	1,11,208	
II.—Cesses	1,71,161	1,71,286	1,71,250	1,71,310	II.—Allowances	1,54,626	1,51,258	1,46,192	1,49,235	
III.—Customs	2,01,100	2,26,000	1,62,210	1,91,340	III.—Revenue	2,48,081	2,70,966	2,39,142	2,61,063	
IV.—Excise	60,800	98,450	62,357	1,01,689	IV.—Customs and Excise	46,828	66,846	38,053	61,206	
V.—Salt	1,65,985	1,65,985	1,65,768	1,64,689	V.—Stamps	4,000	4,000	8,924	1,484	
VI.—Forests	60,000	60,000	77,370	73,770	VI.—Political Agency and	71,739	61,862	60,413	76,284	
VII.—Stamps	13,640	21,450	15,750	17,716	VII.—Agency Surponey	5,000	5,000	534	2,014	
VIII.—Interest	1,75,200	1,77,500	1,89,483	1,44,404	VIII.—General Administration	84,036	66,680	76,353	64,969	
VIII.—Interest	1,75,200	1,77,500	1,89,483	1,44,404	IX.—Treasury & Account Dept.	31,37	31,148	31,140	30,112	
IX.—Judicial	19,078	19,223	57,442	62,740	X.—Law and Justice	40,995	33,954	39,683	32,507	
X.—State Jail	255	1,225	3,955	2,248	XI.—Jail and Press	50,550	47,134	48,634	44,211	
XI.—State Press	2,500	2,500	2,543	2,536	XII.—Police	1,31,363	1,26,639	1,24,435	1,17,216	
XII.—Schools	3,81,801	1,93,859	19,621	95,955	XIII.—Education	93,518	85,386	67,952	73,493	
XIII.—Public Works	12,423	12,184	10,254	10,891	XIV.—Medical Department	65,465	66,784	57,491	50,954	
XIV.—Gardens	1,400	1,500	3,005	5,692	XV.—Pensions	1,20,000	1,20,000	1,34,514	1,26,480	
XV.—Kolhar	51,905	52,140	51,545	48,689	XVI.—Charity	1,31,158	1,28,609	1,28,395	1,20,098	
XVI.—Municipality	64,000	1,73,781	97,911	1,83,422	XVII.—Public Works	6,01,735	5,96,233	6,78,299	6,15,947	
XVII.—Taccavi	8,868	7,36,905	14,477	7,91,299	XVIII.—Gardens	70,875	56,313	57,911	50,910	
XVIII.—Arrears of previous years			1,60,000	1,60,000	XIX.—Military	5,58,011	5,50,700	5,52,080	4,75,387	
XIX.—State Miscellaneous	26,985	14,394	76,435	67,118	XX.—State Band	22,875	18,697	22,375	15,625	
XX.—Gazetto	594	...	1,710	...	XXI.—Stables	1,05,942	53,194	79,935	83,558	
					XXII.—Kothi Khas	54,282	42,973	50,492	42,379	
					XXIII.—Kolhar	4,06,927	1,53,767	4,54,330	1,53,312	
					XXIV.—Festivals	1,000	400	1,923	1,009	
					XXV.—Tosha Khana	19,669	11,691	16,674	34,575	
					XXVI.—Ghor	15,000	15,000	7,695	9,192	
					XXVII.—Entertainment of guests.	2,500	2,000	6,499	4,200	
					XXVIII.—Municipal & S. Boards.	52,356	48,252	46,757	45,463	
Total A Normal	27,06,556	42,50,387	28,13,803	43,30,688						

B.—ABNORMAL.				XXIX.—Walter Kirt Jintk rni				892			
I.—Recovery of loans	40,000	55,723	26,230	76,172	1,064	1,016	1,044	98,863	81,081	892	81,081
II.—Recovery of Advances.	2,000,000	50,000	1,46,572	87,159	4,000	4,000	4,091	4,091	4,091	4,091	4,091
III.—Recoveries on account of uniforms to Tahsil sepoys.	30	158	91	9	10,000	5,000	14,380	14,380	28,153	28,153	28,153
IV.—Land compensation from B. B. & C. I. Railway.	2,500	3,00,000	...	12	5,000	...	6,412	6,412	2,780	2,780	2,780
V.—Transfer from debt head.	3,00,000	...	7,00,000	3,11,000	34,26,140	30,35,861	44,78,252	44,78,252	24,66,255	24,66,255	24,66,255
VI.—Cost of extra establishment in I. S. troops recruited from Government	...	2,500	...	1,467	4,000	4,000	4,167	4,167	3,135	3,135	3,135
VII.—Loans taken from Imperial Bank Agra	...	...	1,00,000	...	20,000	10,000	16,154	16,154	20,000	20,000	20,000
VIII.—Loans taken from Imperial Bank Agra	...	...	23,910	...	4,300	5,000	...	...	245	245	245
IX.—Frustrated (Bechar) on the birth of Maharaja Kunwar	10,000	7,000	19,607	8,077	5,000	5,000	...	...	2,05,320	2,05,320	2,05,320
X.—Sale of Pounds 1,20,000	...	2,00,000	16,53,095	2,00,000	30,000	41,000	55,740	55,740	7,464	7,464	7,464
XI.—Refund of the price of the 500 sent to Field from I. S. Infantry.	1,50,000	64,801	5,970	64,801	40,000	10,000	7,554	7,554	5,356	5,356	5,356
XII.—Re fund of expenses of Political Agency	...	14,000	...	16,700	3,11,000	3,00,000	3,13,000	3,13,000	53,446	53,446	53,446
XIII.—Sale of Gold Mohurs @ 22	...	...	...	1,122	...	45,000	355	355	3,403	3,403	3,403
XIV.—Shri Jansant Exhibition	5,000	...	2,420	...	4,623	3,653	6,264	6,264	4,70,749	4,70,749	4,70,749
XV.—Loan from Krishan Bank	...	...	4,00,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XVI.—Demand Loan from the Imperial Bank Agra	...	...	9,40,833	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XVII.—Fund for wells,	...	...	1,75,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total B Abnormal	7,37,530	6,06,152	41,94,731	7,66,519	...	1,00,000	...	...	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000
Total A Normal and B Abnormal	34,44,083	40,52,569	70,07,539	52 G. M. 50,90,607	2,02,000	6,64,073	1,63,508	1,63,508	6,64,091	6,64,091	6,64,091
Opening Balance	304	8,451	950	8,374	...	15,000	...	...	22,525	22,525	22,525
GRAND TOTAL	34,45,050	40,01,020	70,08,489	51,04,981	...	1,00,000	...	...	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000
				XXV.—Charges for remittances to England				13,962			
				XXVI.—Purchase of Ustensils				20,236			
				XXVII.—Ex-avation at Kammn				...			
				XXVIII.—Grain Agency				...			
				XXIX.—Loan from Bank				...			
				XXX.—Preparation of wells				...			
				XXXI.—Purchase of G. V. Loan				...			
				XXXII.—Aviation Academy				...			
				XXXIII.—Special charges				...			
				XXXIV.—Purchase of Motors				...			
				XXXV.—Purchase of horses				...			
				Total Abnormal				21,37,702			
				Total Normal and Abnormal				812 G. M. 51,04,017			
				Closing Balance				964			
				GRAND TOTAL				812 G. M. 51,04,981			

# APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Bharatpur State during the year ending the 31st October 1921.

... ending on 31st October 1921.

Serial No.	Names of Hospital and Dispensaries.	Outdoor patients.	Indoor patients.					Daily average.		Operations.	Expenditure.		Remarks.	
			Admitted.	Cured.	Relieved and discharged.	Died.	Remaining.	Indoor.	Outdoor.		Rs.	ps.		
1	Victoria Hospital Bharatpur	44,799	2,169	1,476	531	87	75	83.96	336.94	2,616	20,816	2	3	
2	City Dispensary	47,571	...	...	...	...	...	...	317.96	790	2,465	12	7	
3	Female Hospital	4,229	270	164	73	19	10	13.61	31.91	120	2,919	12	...	
4	Kumher Dispensary	8,789	...	...	...	...	...	...	51.08	232	1,596	12	6	
5	Dig	20,019	116	76	29	8	3	4.90	392.64	810	3,612	15	8	
6	Kaman	8,576	20	11	9	...	...	0.65	56.74	278	1,407	3	5	
7	Paharl	6,441	...	...	...	...	...	...	45.51	120	1,810	...	9	
8	Sikri	7,197	...	...	...	...	...	...	43.89	236	852	13	6	
9	Nagar	18,775	13	8	5	...	...	0.59	61.71	357	2,233	8	6	
10	Nadhai	8,035	...	...	...	...	...	...	37.66	305	1,295	11	6	
11	Bhusawar	27,824	...	...	...	...	...	...	76.23	599	1,745	2	3	
12	Weir	6,317	25	16	7	1	1	1.01	67.46	310	1,944	2	10	
13	Bayana	24,406	75	53	15	4	3	2.63	170.23	915	2,653	...	9	
14	Rupbas	10,544	...	...	...	...	...	...	58.38	250	1,199	4	3	
15	Sawar	3,651	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.02	195	410	1	...	
16	Agency	5,023	...	...	...	...	...	...	13.76	88	832	11	3	
	Total	2,43,124	2,688	1,808	669	119	92	10.735	1608.12	8,251	47,794	9	...	
	Vaccination	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,241	13	11	
											49,036	6	11	

# APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital Statistics of the Bharatpur State during the year Ending 31st October 1921.

Name.	Population.	Births.				Deaths.				Ratio per 1,000 of population.				Remarks.
		Births.				Deaths.				Ratio per 1,000 of population.				
		Past year.	Present year.	Increase.	Decrease.	Past year.	Present year.	Increase.	Decrease.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Bharatpur ...	4,96,437	8,013	9,561	1,548	...	10,404	7,804	...	260.0	15.86	19.25	17.30	15.71	



*Particulars as to the Schools Maintained by the Bharatpur State during the year ending 31st October 1921.*

Inspection ...	...	6,224
Mayo College	...	5,000
Grand Total	...	<u>65,835</u>

# APPENDIX XXVI.

Statement showing the number of patients treated in the Veterinary Dispensaries in the Bharatpur State during the year ending 31st October 1921.

Name of Dispensaries.	Number of animals treated.						Result of In-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.		Remarks.
	In-door.			Out-door.			Cured.	Relieved.	Died.	Under treatment at the end of the year.		In-door.	Out-door.	
	Under treatment at the beginning of the year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.	Total.	Out-door.	Total.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Bharatpur ...	27	932	959	21,866	22,825	930	9	14	6	4,349	2.9	60.0		
Bayana ...	...	13	13	6,304	6,317	11	...	2	...	...	...	17.2		
Dig ...	...	315	315	4,807	5,122	312	...	2	1	...	1	13.3		
Gopalgarh...	...	...	...	1,357	1,357	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.0		
Total ...	27	1,260	1,287	34,334	35,621	1,253	9	18	7	4,349	3.9	94.5		

# APPENDIX XXVII.

Statement showing the rates at which Octroi duty is charged in the Bharatpur State on various articles.

No.	Name of Articles.	Rates.	Unit.	REMARKS.
1	Grain ...	Half anna ...	Per Maund.	
2	Ghee ...	Twelve annas ...	"	
3	Tobacco ...	Eight annas ...	"	
4	Charcoal ...	One anna ...	"	
5	Potatoes and Arvis...	Two annas ...	"	
6	Mangoes ...	One anna ...	"	
7	Kas Babul ...	Two annas ...	"	
8	Wool and Blanket ...	One rupee ...	"	
9	Hemp ropes, etc ...	Eight annas ...	"	
10	Gur ...	Two annas ...	"	
11	Desi Sugar ...	Four annas ...	"	
12	Foreign Sugar ...	Twelve annas ...	"	
13	Saman Bisati. ...	Half anna ...	Per rupee.	
14	Wooden Articles ...	One anna ...	"	
15	Foreign Medicines and veterinary instruments	Half anna ...	"	
16	Fees Hadqa (Gur and Sugar) ...	Two annas ...	Per Halqa.	

# APPENDIX XXVIII.

Statement showing the import of various articles on which Octroi duty was levied in the towns of Bharatpur and Dig during the Sambal year 1977

Serial No.	Name of Article.	BHARATPUR.		DIG.		Remarks.
		Quantity or Value.	Duty realised.	Quantity or Value.	Duty realised.	
		Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	
1	Gur	19,832 38 8	2,429 2 0	8,614 15 0	951 3 6	
2	Desi Sugar	18,941 2 4	2,068 1 0	5,761 27 8	1,410 7 9	
3	Bombay Sugar	5,110 8 8	3,832 10 0	89 30 0	67 6 3	
4	Grain	87,721 20 0	7,249 11 0	57,550 20 0	1,798 11 0	
5	Grice	6,263 24 0	4,651 3 2	11,222 33 0	992 8 3	
6	Wooden articles	Rs. 66,389 8 0	4,149 11 9	Rs. 6,419 11 0	46 14 0	
7	Saman Bisati	Rs. 80,499 0 0	2,512 6 6	Rs. 3,956 7 6	123 11 0	
8	Mangoes	5,655 35 0	353 9 0	2,121 30 0	182 9 9	
9	Potatoes and Arvis	7,357 5 0	919 11 0	1,836 10 0	229 8 6	
10	Tobacco	1,711 31 0	857 2 0	301 32 0	156 1 0	
11	Charcoal	3,258 10 0	203 10 6	3,262 10 0	203 4 3	
12	Hemp, ropes etc.	596 28 8	348 2 0	127 22 8	63 12 6	
13	Kas Babul	492 25 0	53 14 9	1,790 38 0	327 5 6	
14	Foreign Medicines	Rs. 3,789 8 0	118 6 9	164 5 0	3 4 0	
15	Wool and Blankets	Rs. 729 10 4	729 4 3	40 39 4	41 0 0	
16	Fees Halqa	...	84 0 0	...	95 9 0	
17	Miscellaneous	...	1 12 6	...	0 5 0	
	Total.	...	30,496-6-2	...	6,933-9-3	

# APPENDIX XXIX.

Statement showing the import of Various articles on which Octroi Duty was levied in the towns of Bayana, Kaman, Bhusawar, Kumer and Weir during Sambat year 1977.

Name of Articles.	BAYANA.		KAMAN.		BHUSAWAR.		KUMHER.		WEIR.		Remarks.
	Quantity.	Duty realised.	Quantity.	Duty realised.	Quantity.	Duty realised.	Quantity.	Duty realised.	Quantity.	Duty realised.	
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	
Gur ...	5,335-18-12	666-15-3	5,022-28-0	627-13-9	2,693-35-0	337- 1-9	4,263- 5-0	532-15-9	2,339-39-0	292- 8-6	
Desi Sugar ...	3,181-39- 4	795- 8-3	4,937-28-0	1,236- 7-0	398-22-8	99- 8-3	1,725-10-0	431- 4-9	605-33-12	191- 7-6	
Bombay Sugar.	82-22-8	62-11-0	326-28-4	245- 0-9	1,301- 2-0	975-15-9	163-21-4	122-10-6	768-37-12	576-12-3	
Miscellaneous ...	...	16- 4-6	...	9- 4-6	...	26-13-0	...	0-14-0	...	3-3 -9	
Total	...	1,541- 7-0	...	2,118-10-0	...	1,439- 6-9	...	1,087-13-0	...	1,064- 0-0	

# APPENDIX XXX.

*Statement showing the quantity of goods imported and subsequently exported and the amount of Octroi duty refunded thereon during the Sanbat year 1977.*

Serial No.	Name of articles on which refund is allowed.	Bharatpur.		Dig.		Remarks.
		Quantity.	Amount.	Quantity.	Amount.	
1	Grain	...	Rs. ...	Mds. ...	Rs. ...	
2	Ghee	...	...	...	...	
3	Tobacco	106-39-12	53- 8-0	...	...	
4	Charcoal	70 -0 -0	4- 6-0	...	...	
	Total	...	57-14-0	...	...	

# APPENDIX XXXI.

*Abstract of the Customs Tariff in force in the Bharatpur State.*

Serial No.	Articles.	Rate.		Unit.	Remarks.
		Import.	Export.		
		Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.		
1	Oilseeds ... ..	0 0 0	0 3 0	Per maund.	
2	Rice ... ..	0 4 0	.....	"	
3	Kirana ... ..	1 0 0	1 0 0	"	
4	Lakhota ... ..	0 4 0	0 4 0	"	
5	Cotton ginned ... ..	.....	0 12 0	"	
6	Cotton unginned ... ..	.....	0 0 0	"	
7	Madar cotton ginned (Auk) ginned...	.....	.....	"	
8	„ unginned ... ..	.....	.....	"	
9	Foreign cloths ... ..	2 8 0	... ..	"	
10	Country cloths ... ..	1 0 0	1 0 0	"	
11	Metal Pukhta ... ..	1 8 0	.....	"	
12	Metal Kham ... ..	0 8 0	0 8 0	"	
13	Ghee Butter ... ..	0 8 0	20 0 0	"	
14	Oil ... ..	0 6 0	0 6 0	"	
15	Shora Pukhta ... ..	0 6 0	0 6 0	"	
16	Khal Binola ... ..	0 2 0	0 2 0	"	
17	Pan ... ..	.....	1 8 0	"	
18	Muj Ban and Sink ... ..	0 1 0	0 1 0	"	
19	Udla Khatoti ... ..	.....	0 1 0	"	
20	Chuna Kali ... ..	0 2 0	0 2 0	"	
21	Gota Kinari ... ..	0 1 0	.....	Per Rupee.	
22	Leather goods ... ..	0 1 0	0 1 0	"	
23	Paper ... ..	0 1 0	0 1 0	"	
24	Gun powder ... ..	0 0 6	0 0 6	"	
25	Oxen and buffaloes ... ..	2 0 0	2 0 0	Per Head.	
26	She buffaloes ... ..	4 0 0	4 0 0	"	
27	Cows ... ..	3 0 0	3 0 0	"	
28	Camels ... ..	3 0 0	3 0 0	"	
29	Sheep and goats ... ..	0 4 0	0 4 0	"	
30	Elephants ... ..	10 0 0	.....	"	
31	Charasa Khal ... ..	0 2 0	1 0 0	Per Khal.	
32	Bachnaila ... ..	0 1 0	1 0 0	"	
33	Nari ... ..	0 1 0	0 4 0	"	
34	Stone Carts ... ..	0 4 0	0 4 0	Per cart.	
35	Chuna Bari ... ..	0 0 6	0 0 6	Per maund.	

# APPENDIX XXXII.

Statement showing import and export of various articles on which customs duty was charged in Bharatpur State during the Sambat year 1971.

Serial No.	Name of articles.	Quantity		Amount of duty realised.			Remarks
		Imported.	Exported.	Import.	Export.	Total duty.	
		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. P. A.	
1	Oil seeds ...	.....	21,349 5 5	.....	4,566 10 0	4,566 10 0	
2	Rice ...	49,609 6 0	.....	12,412 10 0	.....	12,412 10 0	
3	Kirana ...	8,814 0 10	38,167 31 13	8,813 6 0	38,168 6 0	46,931 12 0	
4	Lakhota ...	2,501 3 8	3,492 1 12	625 7 6	873 3 6	1,498 11 0	
5	Cotton ginned ...	.....	1,987 30 4	.....	1,241 14 0	1,241 14 0	
6	Madar Cotton ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
7	Cotton unginned ...	.....	8,398 35 8	.....	2,173 8 6	2,173 8 6	
8	Cloth Foreign made ...	1,761 0 11	.....	4,402 8 9	.....	4,402 8 9	
9	Foreign thread ...	20 14 0	.....	48 9 9	.....	48 9 9	
10	Cloth (Country made)	6,971 4 6	2,756 27 14	6,973 0 6	2,757 1 3	9,730 1 9	
11	Thread ...	5,676 1 0	205 0 10	5,676 12 3	205 0 0	5,881 12 3	
12	Metal (Punkhta) ...	1,217 25 8	1 36 8	1,809 2 9	2 13 6	1,812 0 3	
13	Metal (Kham) ...	6,806 11 11	1,213 26 12	3,442 11 9	606 12 3	4,049 8 0	
14	Ghee ...	127 26 4	137 12 7	63 13 6	2,554 4 9	2,618 2 3	
15	Oil ...	14,186 37 2	581 31 9	5,321 0 3	332 0 0	5,653 0 3	
16	Saltpetre (Punkhta)	136 36 0	3,561 16 4	51 6 6	1,335 9 0	1,386 15 6	
17	" (Kham)	20 0 0	3,660 11 4	3 12 6	682 9 9	686 5 9	
18	Khal and Bihola ...	4,198 9 8	17,718 4 4	523 11 0	2,214 13 0	2,738 8 0	
19	Betels (Pan) ...	.....	3,100 2 8	.....	5,079 12 3	5,079 12 3	
20	Munj and Ban ...	389 4 8	23,171 29 8	24 6 0	1,449 1 3	1,473 7 3	
21	Udla Khatoti ...	32 0 0	5,315 30 0	2 0 0	332 4 6	334 4 6	
22	Chunni Kalai ...	3,641 32 4	33 30 8	455 4 3	4 4 0	459 8 3	
23	Chunni Bari ...	59 30 0	695 20 0	1 14 0	21 12 3	23 10 3	
24	<b>Total.</b>	1,06,239 3 0	1,38,848 24 10	50,641 8 9	64,601 11 9	1,15,243 4 6	
25	Gota Kinari ...	32,431 2 0	.....	2,028 0 6	.....	2,028 0 6	
26	Leather goods ...	32,485 6 9	3,045 9 0	2,029 15 6	190 8 0	2,220 7 6	
27	Paper ...	38,532 1 9	51 8 0	2,409 8 9	3 3 6	2,412 12 3	
28	Gun powder ...	562 12 0	100 0 0	17 9 6	3 2 0	20 11 6	
29	<b>Total.</b>	1,04,041 6 6	3,197 1 0	6,485 2 3	196 13 6	6,681 15 9	
30	Oxen & Buffaloes ...	294 (No.)	2,124 (No.)	434 0 0	4,283 15 0	4,717 15 0	
31	Sho Buffaloes ...	9	76	36 0 0	304 10 0	340 10 0	
32	Camels ...	22	212	66 0 0	497 12 0	563 12 0	
33	Cows ...	7	103	21 0 0	327 4 0	348 4 0	
34	Elophants ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
35	Sheep & Goats ...	682	6,948	176 12 0	7,519 12 0	7,696 8 0	
36	Charra ...	23,423	8693	2926 8 0	870 4 0	3,796 12 0	
37	Bachhela ...	8,615	22	543 2 0	22 0 0	565 2 0	
38	Nari ...	9	3,165	0 9 0	846 4 0	846 13 0	
39	Stone Carls ...	4,496	95	1,145 12 0	23 12 0	1,169 8 0	
40	" Dhakels ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
41	" Asses ...	915	.....	28 4 6	.....	28 4 6	
42	<b>TOTAL</b>	38,472	13,6143	5,377 15 6	14,695 9 0	20,073 8 6	
	<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	.....	.....	62,504 10 6	79,494 2 3	1,41,998 12 9	



# APPENDIX XXXIII.

Statement showing Variation in population of Bharatpur State since 1891.

Name of Tehsil etc.	Persons.			Males.			Females.			Variation Increase (+) Decrease (-)			Net Variation in period 1891 to 1921 (+) Increase (-)	Remarks.			
	1921	1901		1921	1901		1921	1901		1911-1921	1901-1911	1891-1901					
		1911	1891		1911	1891		1911	1891								
Bharatpur City ...	33,495	33,918	43,601	67,553	19,268	18,803	23,703	37,337	14,227	15,115	19,898	30,216	-423	-9,683	-23,952	-34,058	
Bharatpur Tehsil ...	39,547	44,948	51,408	40,431	22,193	24,662	28,282	21,929	17,354	20,286	23,126	18,562	-5,401	-6,460	+10,977	-884	
Biana ...	59,105	67,859	71,305	75,126	32,846	36,724	38,348	40,646	26,559	31,135	32,957	34,480	-8,434	-3,446	-3,821	-15,721	
Dig ...	49,744	55,177	62,051	62,725	27,307	30,290	33,532	34,315	22,437	24,887	28,519	28,410	-5,433	-6,874	-674	-12,981	
Kaman ...	37,405	40,176	48,169	44,058	20,220	21,636	25,357	23,444	17,185	18,540	22,812	20,614	-2,771	-7,993	+4,111	-6,653	
Kumher ...	40,758	45,932	52,356	51,180	22,374	25,237	28,120	27,478	18,384	20,695	24,236	23,702	-5,174	-6,424	+1,176	-10,422	
Nagar ...	43,233	50,358	51,646	23,943	23,356	26,678	26,898	13,986	19,877	23,680	24,748	9,957	-7,125	-1,288	+27,703	+19,290	
Nadbai ...	43,422	50,230	59,433	45,695	23,820	21,141	21,655	25,635	19,602	23,089	27,778	20,060	-6,808	-9,203	+13,738	-2,273	
Pahari ...	35,531	41,979	45,911	27,737	18,987	22,123	23,976	15,038	16,544	19,856	21,935	12,699	-6,448	-3,932	+18,174	+7,794	
Rupbas ...	36,673	42,325	66,626	30,186	20,114	23,629	35,968	16,351	16,559	19,296	30,658	13,835	-5,652	-4,820	+36,440	+22,109	
Uchain ...	15,622	19,481			8,424	10,443			7,198	9,038			3,859				
Bhusawar Weir ...	61,603	66,402	74,159	82,663	33,436	35,488	39,317	44,134	28,166	30,914	34,842	38,529	-4,800	-7,757	-8,504	-21,661	
Grand Total.	4,96,437	5,58,785	6,26,665	6,40,303	2,72,345	3,02,254	3,35,156	3,47,830	2,24,692	2,56,531	2,91,509	2,92,473	-62,848	-67,886	-12,638	-1,43,866	

# APPENDIX XXXIV.

Statement Showing the case work of the Sadabart Department of the Bharatpur State during the Sumbat year 1977.

Serial No.	Department.	Arrear.		Present		Total.		Disposed of.		Closing balance.		Remarks.
		Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	
1	Sadabart ...	44	13	1,058	975	1,102	988	1,085	944	17	44	

# APPENDIX XXXV.

Statement showing the number of suits filed and disposed in the Hirkarni Sainha regarding marriages etc. in the year 1921.

No.	Name of Caste.	Opening balance.	Filed during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Closing balance.
1	Others ...	21	57	78	51	27
2	Rajputs ...	43	135	178	126	52
3	Miscellaneous ...	13	111	124	106	18
	Total.	77	303	380	283	97

# APPENDIX XXXIII.

Statement showing Variation in population of Bharatpur State since 1891.

Name of Tehsil etc.	Persons.				Males.				Females.				Variation Increase (+) Decrease (-)			Net Variation in period 1891 to 1921 (+) Increase (-) Decrease	Remarks.
	Persons.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Variation Increase (+) Decrease (-)		Variation Increase (+) Decrease (-)				
	1921	1911	1901	1891	1921	1911	1901	1891	1921	1911	1901	1891	1911-1921	1901-1911	1891-1901		
Bharatpur City ...	33,495	33,918	43,601	67,553	19,268	18,803	23,703	37,337	14,227	15,115	19,898	30,216	-423	-9,083	-23,952	-34,058	
Bharatpur Tehsil ...	39,547	44,948	51,408	40,431	22,193	24,662	28,282	21,929	17,354	20,286	23,126	18,562	-5,401	-6,460	+10,977	-884	
Panna ...	59,505	67,859	71,305	75,126	32,846	36,724	38,348	40,646	26,559	31,135	32,957	34,480	-8,454	-3,446	-3,821	-15,721	
Dig ...	49,744	55,177	62,051	62,725	27,307	30,290	33,532	34,315	22,437	24,887	28,519	28,410	-5,433	-6,874	-674	-12,981	
Kaman ...	37,405	40,176	48,169	44,058	20,220	21,636	25,357	23,444	17,185	18,540	22,812	20,614	-2,771	-7,993	+4,111	-6,653	
Kumher ...	40,758	45,932	52,356	51,180	22,374	25,237	28,120	27,478	18,384	20,695	24,236	23,702	-5,174	-6,424	+1,176	-10,422	
Nagar ..	43,233	50,358	51,646	23,943	23,356	26,678	26,898	13,926	19,877	23,080	24,748	9,957	-7,125	-1,288	+27,703	+19,290	
Nadbai ...	43,422	50,230	59,433	45,695	23,320	21,141	21,655	25,635	19,602	23,089	27,778	20,060	-6,808	-9,203	+13,738	-2,273	
Pahari ...	35,531	41,979	45,911	27,737	18,987	22,123	23,976	15,038	16,544	19,856	21,935	12,699	-6,448	-3,932	+18,174	+7,794	
Rupbas ...	36,673	42,325	66,626	30,186	20,114	23,029	35,968	16,351	16,559	19,296	30,658	13,835	-5,652	-4,820	+36,440	+22,109	
Uchain ...	15,622	19,481			8,424	10,443			7,198	9,038			-3,859				
Bhusawar Weir ...	61,603	66,402	74,159	82,663	33,436	35,488	39,317	44,134	28,166	30,914	34,842	38,529	-4,800	-7,757	-8,504	-21,661	
Grand Total.	4,96,437	5,58,785	6,26,665	6,40,303	2,72,345	3,02,254	3,35,156	3,47,830	2,24,692	2,56,531	2,91,509	2,92,473	-62,348	-67,880	-12,638	-143,866	

# APPENDIX XXXIV.

Statement Showing the case work of the Sadabart Department of the Bharatpur State during the Sumbat year 1977.

Serial No.	Department.	Arrear.		Present		Total.		Disposed of.		(Closing balance.		Remarks.
		Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	
1	Sadabart ...	44	13	1,058	975	1,102	988	1,085	944	17	44	

# APPENDIX XXXV.

Statement showing the number of suits filed and disposed in the Htikarni Sabha regarding marriages etc. in the year 1921.

No.	Name of Caste.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.	Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.	
1	Others ...	21		57		78	51		27	
2	Rajputs ...	43		135		178	126		52	
3	Miscellaneous ...	13		111		124	106		18	
	Total.	77		303		380	283		97	



